TIMES OFFICE
No. 26 Broad St.
Opposite Driard.

Victoria Times.

WE PROFIT by your patronage,
YOU PROFIT by our experience.
C. E. JONES'
Prescription Pharmacy
Always open.

VOL. 19 VICTORIA B. C., MONDAY, NOVEMBER 19, 1894 No. 279

TRUTH IN ADVERTISING

STERLING SILVERWARE

Is one of the channels by which the public is led to have confidence in a business house.

We are not selling Sterling Silverware at or below cost, but we are selling it cheaper than it was ever sold in Victoria before.

CHALLONER & MITCHELL,
47 Government Street.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

Plain Talk

About Mantles

Of all the various departments of a modern Dry Goods Store the most interesting is a first class

MANTLE AND JACKET

department. When properly stocked and managed it becomes pleasing and popular with the public. Ladies who have not already visited our showroom have a treat in store for them. We claim this season to have one of the MOST ELEGANT COLLECTIONS OF CLOAKS ever got together in Victoria. We are especially proud of our stock of

HIGH GRADE GARMENTS.

Among others will be found: Tight fitting Prince Albert Coats in Covert Cloth, Beaver and Frieze, colors in russett, brown, black, dark tan, etc etc. Three-quarter length tight fitting in same colors and materials, braided and fur trimmed. Golf Capes, newest styles and in a variety of materials. Furs—Choice Boas and Muffs, Ties, etc., in martin, mink and seal, Persian Lamb, Chinchilla and Astracan. Water Proof Cloaks.

UNDERWEAR—The "Puritan" and other best makes. Al of the above goods were specially selected for Victoria trade and so new that three-quarters of the stock was received in the 61 days of September and October.

TERMS CASH AND PRICES RIGHT.

The Westside, November 17th, 1894. - - - J. HUTCHESON & CO.

C. H. STICKELS . . . . ROOMS: 19 to 22 . . . . Board of Trade Building.

CONSULTING ELECTRICAL ENGINEER & PURCHASING AGENT.
ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER APPARATUS AND SUPPLIES. . .

Estimates for complete electrical installations, either light or power. House wiring plans and superintendence a specialty. All wiring under my superintendence guaranteed.

Remember

That we have a large, complete stock of SUITINGS, OVERCOATINGS and TROUSERINGS and that our PRICES ARE RIGHT.

A. GREGG & SON,
.....Tailors, 62 Yates Street.

Preventive

In rainy weather dark and gloomy;
With the mud and water in the street,
You find your shoes with holes are roomy
And clammy dampness soaks your feet.

But coughs and colds can be prevented,
And in a way the world extols
An antidote is here presented—
Get a pair of good

.....Cork Soles..

A. B. ERSKINE,
Corner Government and Johnson Sts.

COLD BLOODED MASSACRE

Thousands of Armenians Murdered by Turks With Government Consent.

Helpless Women and Children Suffer Even Worse Than the Men.

Varna, Bulgaria, Nov. 18.—Despite the Turkish government's silence, facts have come out which leave no doubt that a massacre of Christians has occurred on as important a scale as the butchery of Batok, Bulgaria, which sent a thrill of horror through the civilized world. The trouble began with the refusal of the Armenians to pay taxes on the plea possibly well founded, that the frequent Kurdish raids had impoverished them. In the meantime the governor of Bitlis reported to the Porte that serious revolts had broken out, and obtained permission to send all available troops to the scene. Marshal Zeki Pasha, commander of the fourth army corps, stationed at Erzinger, was ordered to proceed hither and direct operations. Before this imposing array of regulars the Armenians tamely submitted. Now comes the horrible part of the report. The governor of Bitlis resolved to make an example, in order to prevent a repetition of the revolt. He ordered the troops to fire upon the defenseless people. The order was executed, and the soldiers rested from their labors only when 25 villages were destroyed and thousands of their people killed. Mr. Hallman, the British consul at Varna, proceeded to the scene, and then reported to the British ambassador, who protested to the Porte. The Sultan expressed horror and ordered an immediate report from Marshal Zeki, which appears to have seriously involved the governor of Bitlis. The latter, in self-defence, and as a means of obtaining revenge, has formulated the grave charge against Mr. Hallman of inciting the Armenians to revolt. This is being investigated by the British officials.

London, Nov. 18.—The chairman of the Armenian Patriotic Association, G. Hagopian, has sent the following letter, received from an Armenian whose name is not given because it would jeopardize his life, to the Earl of Kimberly, the secretary of state for foreign affairs. The letter is accompanied by one from Hagopian, in which he says:

"I have no reason to doubt the authenticity of the details. They will be borne out by fuller official reports, which have been or will soon be received from the British agents in Armenia. The events reported are the re-enactment of the Bulgarian atrocities with all their most sickening details of fiendish lust and atrocious cruelty on unarmed Christians and defenseless women and children, deliberately planned and ruthlessly executed under orders received from Constantinople."

Hagopian concludes by saying the time has come to abolish in toto the existing administration of Armenia and to replace it by another regime approved by Great Britain and other signatories of the treaty of Berlin, and working under their immediate supervision. The letter of the Armenian thus prefaced is dated Bitlis, October 9. After saying that the Armenian magnate appears to be a second Nero, the writer continues:

"The so-called rebellion of the Armenians in 1893 was a got-up affair, for the repression of which the chief magnate got a decoration. This year the Kurds carried off Armenian oxen, and the Armenians' appeal for their restoration was refused. A fight ensued, in which two Kurds were killed and three were wounded. The Kurds immediately carried their dead before the governor, declaring that the Armenian soldiers had overrun the land, killing and plundering the Kurds. This furnished a pretext for massing troops from far and near. The troops were commanded by a pasha and marshal and were hurried to the district. The pasha is said to have hung upon his breast, after reading it to his soldiers, an order from Constantinople to cut the Armenians up root and branch, and adjuring them to do so if they loved their king and government. Nearly all of these things were related here, and the soldiers who took part in the horrible carnage claim that the Kurds did most of the work, while they only obeyed the orders of others.

"It is said that 100 fell to each of them to dispose of. No compassion was shown to age or sex even by the regular soldiers, not even when the victims fell suppliant at their feet. Sixteen thousand persons met such a fate as even the darkest ages of darkest Africa had hardly witnessed, for the women and tender babes might at least have had a chance for a life of slavery; while here their womanhood was but a mockery before the cruel lust that ended its debauch by stabbing women to death with the bayonet, while the tender babes were impaled with the same weapon on their dead mother's breasts, or perhaps seized by the hair to have their heads chopped off with the sword.

"In one place three hundred or four hundred women, after being forced to serve vile purposes for the merciless soldiers, were hacked to pieces by sword and bayonets in the valley below.

"In another place some 200 weeping and wailing women begged for compassion, falling at the commander's feet, but the bloodthirsty wretch, after ordering their violation, directed his soldiers to dispatch them in a similar way.

"In another place some sixty young brides and the more attractive girls were crowded into a church, and after violation, were slaughtered, and human gore was soon flowing from the church floor.

"At another place a large company, under the leadership of their priests, fell down before them begging for compassion, and averring that they had nothing to do with the culprits. But all to no purpose. All were called to one place and the proposal made to several of the more attractive women to change their faith, in which events their lives would be spared. They said: 'Why should we deny Christ? We are no more than these,' pointing to the mangled forms of their husbands and brothers. 'Kill us too,' and the soldiers did so.

"A great effort was made to save one beauty, but three or four quarreled over her, and she sank down like her sisters.

'But why prolong the sickening tale? There must be a God in Heaven who will do right in all these matters, or some of us would lose faith. One or more of the consuls have been ordered away to investigate the matter. If Christians instead of Turks reported these things in the city of Bitlis and the region which I have been touring, the case would be different, but now we are compelled to believe it. The magnates are having papers circulated, and are trying to compel Christians to sign, expressing their satisfaction that justice had been dealt to the rebels, and thanking the king and the chief magistrate. The Christians of Bitlis will not sign, though it is said that in some of the out-

(Continued on Page 8.)

LONDON HOSPITAL COUGH CURE CURES.

COCHRANE & MUNN, - Druggists.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

READ READ! READ! Read something good; something that will make you a better man or woman. Get it at Sampson's Book Exchange, 97 Douglas street.

TO BE LET or leased the Globe Hotel, Esquimalt, in good running order; will shortly be vacant; a good chance for an energetic man. Address Mrs. M. Fisher, 143 Pandora Avenue, City. n1-1m

THE ANNUAL SOCIAL DANCE of Court Vancouver A.O.F. will be held December 12th. Tickets, admitting ladies and gentleman, $2. M-W-S-td

TURKEYS! TURKEYS!

Thanksgiving Day Turkeys at the EASTERN PORK & PROVISION STORE, 134 City Market, Opposite Broad Street.

Five Dollars Reward

Will be paid by the undersigned for such information as may determine who were the persons, whether boys or men, who have attempted to injure the observatory on Yates street, and the fences around it, belonging to me,—and $10 for the names of those who wrote obscene words on the observatory.

A. DeCOSMOS.
November 19, 1894. n19-1w

ANNUAL TEA MEETING.

A Social Tea and Concert, First Presbyterian Church, cor. Pandora and and Blanchard streets,

Wednesday, Nov. 21, 1894.

Tea from 6:30 to 8; Concert to begin at 8. Admission 50c. J. G. Brown, assisted by the choir, has the Concert in charge. 19-1d

SHORT NOTICE OF SALE.

By W. FURNIVAL & CO.,
City Auction Mart - - 88 Johnson Street.

TO-MORROW, TUESDAY, NOV. 20th, '94
at 2:30 p.m.

Quantity of furniture consisting of two black walnut parlor suits, upholstered, of silk and plush; cherry bedroom furniture, spring and box mattresses, tapestry carpets, chamberware and other crockery. At same hour and place we will offer 1 sorrell horse, 8 years old; one gray horse, 9 years old. Also a quantity of tweeds, children and youths' clothing and underwear. Terms cash. No reserve.

W. FURNIVAL & CO.,
Auctioneers.

COAL. COAL.

Best Screened Wellington Coal,

Ex MELROSE, is now being sold by

R. BRODRICK,
AT THE
—Outer Wharf.—

Orders by Telephone promptly filled. No. 292a

Each Ton delivered guaranteed 2000 lbs.

THE IMPERIAL FUNERAL.

The Remains of the Late Czar Conveyed to Their Final Resting-Place.

A Day of Mourning at St. Petersburg—Royal Gathering at the Cathedral.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 19.—The morning of the late czar's funeral opened dark and foggy. The emblems of mourning throughout the city were drpping with moisture and presented a dilapidated appearance. The booming of cannons at the fortress cathedral of St. Peter and St. Paul announced the beginning of the service. The thoroughfares leading to and in the vicinity of the cathedral were lined with troops. The czar and the imperial family on their arrival at the cathedral were met at the main door, and escorted by the metropolitan and his attendants to places at the foot of the coffin. The religious services over the body were most solemn and imposing. The cream of royalty of the empire, royal princes representing foreign countries, diplomats and other distinguished people were present in the church, and some of them assisted in the services. During the ceremonies, which were of the orthodox Greek church, the people remained on their feet, and the mourners and visitors held lighted tapers, including the czar, whose taper was the first to be lighted.

The czarina, who was present, looked pale and much affected. After mass for the dead the special service for the czar was begun. At the conclusion of this special service a number of psalms were rendered by the male choir and litanies for the dead were chanted by the metropolitan and the choir. Then came the reading of the lessons and pronouncing of absolution for the dead by the metropolitan. The chief mourners then took farewell of the dead. The czar first stepped forward and kissed his dead father. He was followed by other members of the imperial family and those bound by ties of blood or marriage. The lid of the casket was then fastened, and on the shoulders of the grand dukes the casket was borne to the entrance of the imperial vault, which opened in the pavement, and in a moment all that was mortal of the late czar was lowered to the resting-place. As the coffin was lowered into the vault the czarina, who had been under a terrible nervous strain, fell on her knees and wept. She was supported by her son, the czar, and led away sobbing.

The funeral services were concluded at 2.30 p.m. Then the scene was completely changed. A cannon was fired from the fortress and the mourning flags which were flying at half mast from the fortress were lowered and the imperial standard hoisted at full mast. The numerous bands at this writing (3.15 p.m.) are playing lively airs and vast crowds are surging towards the winter palace. The imperial family and the royal guests all returned to the winter palace after the funeral.

Berlin, Nov. 19.—The Emperor, accompanied by the Empress and Prince Leopold attended the requiem service in memory of the late czar at the chapel of the Russian embassy to-day.

London, Nov. 19.—Requiem service for the czar was held in the private chapel at Windsor Castle to-day, the Queen and Princess Louise being present.

Requiem services were also held at Westminster Abbey to-day.

THE PACIFIC CABLE.

Pender's Opposition Dictated by Personal Considerations.

Ottawa, Nov. 19.—Referring to Sir John Pender's public statement that the Atlantic cables do not earn an adequate return and that this ought to be a warning to governments in the case of the Pacific cable, those who know the facts are in no way surprised that some of the Atlantic companies do not pay good dividends considering the extent to which their stock is watered. Sir John will not be able to get the Commercial statement that Atlantic cables are not a profitable investment, as this company has kept out of the ring with which he is associated. Sir John characterizes the Pacific cable as a foolish project, but he has of late repeatedly evinced great anxiety to have a hand in carrying it out. The warning he gives may have its use in a way he does not intend in determining the governments to take such steps as will render it impossible for the Pacific cable to get into the category of water-logged companies like so many other companies with which Sir John is familiar.

BOODLING AT HULL.

Foster to be Appointed Warden of Westminster Penitentiary.

Ottawa, Nov. 19.—Writs were served on Mayor Abrey and Ald. Boult, Hull, on Saturday evening for boodling. The mayor is charged with getting at different times $4500 for his influence in passing claims, etc., at the council board, and Boult is accused of getting $600 corruptly.

It is reported here that Foster, now in charge of the British Columbia penitentiary, will be appointed warden in place of McBride, retired. Local men will likely be appointed in place of Fitzsimmons and Keary, who are discharged.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
Awarded Gold Medal Midwinter Fair, San Francisco.

CABLE DISPATCHES.

Lady Postoffice Clerks in Great Britain Will Get a Marriage Portion.

Clergy Said to be Making a Strong Effort to Secure Control of School Affairs.

London, Nov. 19.—Postmaster-General Arnold has acceded to a petition presented by the women attaches of the central telegraph and postoffices asking that they should be granted a marriage portion when they retire from the service to get married. In some branches of the government the women employed, who retire after six years' service are granted a gratuity of six months' pay provided that their character has been in every way satisfactory, and this concession is now extended to the postoffice employees.

The report of Sir Courtney Boyle, who was designated by the government board of trade to investigate the hours of labor of railroad employees has been made public and contains some sensational statements. On several lines he has found that the engineers and firemen are often compelled to work from 18 to 24 hours at a stretch. One case investigated was that of a signalman at an important junction where many trains crossed and recrossed and who was on duty for 25 1-2 consecutive hours. The most flagrant case investigated was that of an engineer who was kept at work without a rest for 34 consecutive hours. On a number of lines the average hours of the brakemen, baggagemen and other employees ranged from 16 to 22. It is believed that this report will result in the passage of an act of parliament placing a limit on the number of hours that employees of railroads may be kept continuously at work.

The marriage of Mrs. Jane Gladdeyn, formerly of New York, and Oswell Harrison Gray, a capitalist and extensive landowner of Essex, was celebrated last week in St. Peter's church in Eton Square. The bride is the widow of a New Yorker and the daughter of the late Thomas Terry, a native of Yorkshire, England, but who many years ago conceived an appreciation for the United States and took up his permanent residence in Brooklyn.

As a result of a conference with Mr. Gladstone, Lord Rosebery foreshadowed in his speech at Glasgow a scheme for a second chamber with a system of conference on disputed matters between the delegates from the two houses, in which the delegates from the lower house would largely overbalance those of the lords. Sir William Harcourt, chancellor of the exchequer, and Right Hon. Henry Campbell Bannerman, secretary of state for war, opposed Lord Rosebery's desire to introduce the question of the reform of the house of lords early in the coming session of parliament. They urge that the best course to adopt will be to hold the resolution in reserve until the ministry shall be ready for a dissolution. Lord Salisbury is determined to force their hand by passing in the house of lords immediately the session shall open, a motion affirming the possession by that body of legislative privileges.

Mr. Labouchere has declared that the coming election will be lost unless the resolution on the house of lords question is a stalwart one and distinct from the hotch potch scheme of mixing hereditary and elected peers like an omelette. The second chamber, Mr. Labouchere declared, must be entirely chosen by the free and unrestricted votes of the electorate.

A fierce campaign is proceeding for the London school board election, which involves issues which the religious press speaks of as among the greatest in the history of the metropolis and the country. The vote which will be taken on Thursday will decide whether education shall be controlled by the non-sectarians or by the clericals. Since 1871, under a compromise between the parties non-dogmatic Bible teaching has prevailed, but gradually, through laxity of the non-sectarians the clerical element on the boards has acquired influence until now they feel strong enough to strike for supremacy. The English High Church and the Catholic clergy are united in their work among the electorate and denounce their progressive opponents, though the latter are led by Non-Conformist ministers and a section of the English church clergy, as enemies of religion in their intent to secularize the schools. As the result will have a very great effect upon the whole national system public interest in the matter is keen. T. P. O'Connor's advocacy of the cause of the progressives is based upon the fact that all the Liberals had been led by the efforts of the Liverpool priests to oust him from his seat in the House of Commons. If the Liverpool Irish go with the Catholic Tories, the rejection of Mr. O'Connor is certain. The coalition of the English church and Roman Catholic clergy in the struggle over the educational question has disclosed such a close, general re-approachment and so much sympathy as to justify the expectation that an attempt to unite a section of the Anglican church and the church of Rome will soon be renewed.

The Tablet says the religious condition of England is receiving at the present time the special attention of the Curia Romana. According to other advices the Pope personally studies every aspect of the question, and it is stated that His Holiness has ordered to proceed to Rome Abbe Portal Dechors, whose recent work over the nom de plume of "Dalbus" has been very widely discussed. Lord Halifax, who is also a keen advocate of papal action looking to a reunion of the churches, will also visit the Vatican shortly. It is reported that the Pope is preparing an appeal to the people of England inviting the Anglican church to assist in the establishment of an entente with the mother church.

Observers of the arrival at Windsor of Queen Victoria, noticed that Her Majesty's general weakness and lameness had visibly increased. She required assistance in passing the slightly inclined gangway from the train to the landau which was waiting.

The reichstag assembled last week at Berlin for its winter session and the event was signalized by the laying with interesting exercises of the corner-stone of the new reichstag building. This structure is nearly completed but it will not be ready for occupancy before February next. It is of imposing size and aspect and a mixture of nearly all known styles of architecture.

The measure to check the socialist and anarchist agitation will be the first and only one of importance to be submitted before the Christmas recess. The Frankfurter Zeitung says that the draft prepared by Count von Caprivi has been altered with such a reactionary tendency by Baron Koeller, Prussian minister of the interior, that Bavaria declines to assent to it. The Augsburger Post says to-day, however, that if the measure be kept within the scope of the common law Bavaria will not object to it. This statement, it says, is made with authority. Without doubt there is a divergence of views in the federal states as to the degree of severity expedient, but nothing so serious as to prevent an ultimate agreement.

SECRET SOCIETIES ATTACKED.

English Catholic Prelates on the I. O. O. F. and Masonic Orders.

New York, Nov. 19.—A dispatch from London says: "A sensation has been created in secret society circles by the publication of a pamphlet bitterly attacking the Independent Order of Foresters, and which is being extensively circulated throughout England and Ireland. It is written by one L. J. Kinsella, a former member of the order, and additional importance is attached to it from the fact that before publication it was submitted to the Catholic Archbishop of Dublin, Rt. Rev. William J. Walsh, and a letter from whom is published as a preface to the pamphlet. In this letter the archbishop says that nothing can be plainer, having regard to the character of the expose, than that the Independent Order of Foresters is such an organization as no Catholic should have anything to do with. The publication is filled with sweeping censures of the order and ridicule of its iniatory ritual. It is alleged that the order is controlled by political and sectarian bias and that the majority of the members in England and Ireland are Protestants. Reflections are also made upon the constitution and finacial condition of the order, and Dr. Oronhyatekha, the American Indian of Toronto, who is supreme head of the order, and whose son is secretary of the medical board, is roundly denounced. It is not impossible that the supreme governing board will be called upon to take the matter up and prosecute Kinsella for libel and defamation. The English members are considerably excited over the publication, and fear that unless the proper officers move in the matter the court of chancery may order an investigation of its own volition.

While the Foresters are exercised over the Kinsella attack, the members of the Masonic fraternity have not yet done talking of the anathema recently pronounced against them by Cardinal Vaughan, the successor of the venerable Cardinal Manning. The cardinal's action, which does not appear to have been provoked by any act of the Free Masons towards the church, is regarded as the more extraordinary from the fact that the Prince of Wales is at the head of the English Free Masons and the further fact that the cardinal and the future English king were supposed to be on the best of terms. Indeed it is said that at several garden parties this summer to which both had been invited the Prince went out of his way to show courtesy and manifest his esteem for Cardinal Manning's successor. The Free Masons, of course, by virtue of established usage if not the constitution of their order, are debarred from replying to the cardinal's anathema.

FLOODS IN ENGLAND.

Damage Will Reach Half a Million Dollars.

London, Nov. 19.—The floods become more serious every day. The Thames rose four inches at Windsor during the night. Eton college is closed and all the boys have been sent home. Not since 1881 has the river been so high. At Oxford the Churst church meadows are under four feet of water. The Magdalen gardens are in like condition. In every direction the water is rising rapidly.

Many of the undergraduates have been punting over private gardens and hedges. St. Ann's church, below Folleybridge, has two feet of water over its floor and there are three feet of water in the railway station. On all sides the floods are undermining and weakening bridges and culverts. The embankment at Maidenhead is in an equally bad condition. The waves are beating against the drawing room windows and many beautiful houses have suffered severely. The damage, though not apparent, will reach into hundreds of thousands of pounds. Bridges, etc., have been washed away, and crops and haystacks have been destroyed in all the flooded districts.

At 7 o'clock on Saturday evening the Thames was reported six feet two inches above the summer level. It is still rising, and the only communication with the town is by boat. The London & Southwestern railway has been swept away at Egham. The damage was caused by the bursting of an embankment.

The storm is the worst that has occurred since 1832. A relief fund for the sufferers has been started. The subscription list is headed by the Queen, who has given £50.

At St. Noels the streets are three feet under water. At Bedford and Cambridge the branches of the Northwestern railway are impassable. The trouble grows worse everywhere.

A Word to the Wives

Is Sufficient

Better throw away that iron-bound, leaking tub and pail and get the unbreakable, light and one-piece article. All well appointed grocery stores keep

E. B. EDDY'S Indurated Fibreware.

A TOTAL ECLIPSE

Johnston's Fluid Beef

Eclipses all Meat Extracts or Home-made Beef Tea.

It is Fifty Times as Nourishing and makes

A Strengthening and Invigorating Beverage.

AMERICAN AFFAIRS.

Discussed by the English Socialist and Radical Organ.

London, Nov. 19.—Reynolds' newspaper, the organ of the extreme radical and socialistic element of the English wage-workers takes a gloomy view of present and future conditions in the U. S. In an editorial on the conditions it takes occasion to say:

"It seems that New York and other chief towns of the country are being studded with fortresses. We have seen some sketches of these bastiles, and certainly they look formidable enough to stand a tough siege. Are the consciences of millionaires pricking themselves? They are aware that their industrial swindles have made them objects of loathing to the whole working class community. At the same time the condition of trade in America is very far from satisfactory. There, as here, many thousand workmen are among the unemployed. We have always been of the opinion that we shall have a social revolution in America sooner than in any other country. The spectacle presents itself of a limited number of individuals of enormous wealth, and a large floating, shifting, miscellaneous population of many nationalities living almost from hand to mouth. The peculiar circumstances of American development have hitherto prevented the crisis being acute; in other words, the large extent of virgin territory enabled the swimming populations that poured into the republic to obtain a livelihood. Virgin soil is now nearly exhausted, and as we have had reason to anticipate during the recent terrific strikes, the tug of war cannot long be delayed."

Mr. J. Alcide Chaussé
Montreal, P. Q.

A Marvelous Medicine

Whenever Given a Fair Trial Hood's Proves Its Merit.

The following letter is from Mr. J. Alcide Chaussé, architect and surveyor, No. 153 Shaw Street, Montreal, Canada:

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Gentlemen:—I have been taking Hood's Sarsaparilla for about six months and am glad to say that it has done me a great deal of good. Last May my weight was 153 pounds, but since

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla CURES

I began to take Hood's Sarsaparilla it has increased to 163. I think Hood's Sarsaparilla is a marvellous medicine and am very much pleased with it." J. ALCIDE CHAUSSÉ.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, constipation, biliousness, jaundice, sick headache, indigestion.

DRY GOODS.

Argyle House.

83 Douglas St.

SOME REAL BARGAINS!

We have bought a manufacturer's lot of Sample Umbrellas at a discount of 30 per cent. so we can sell you cheap Umbrellas.

. . . ALSO . . .

A manufacturer's lot of sample carpets. We can give you pieces of Carpet worth $1.50 for 50c.

A Complete Stock in Every Department at Reasonable Prices.

J. Horner & Co.

LEE & FRASER,

AGENTS FOR

Nor thAmerican Life Assurance Co. of Toronto.

Liverpool, London and Globe, Fire.

Canadian Mutual Loan and Investment Co. of Toronto.

Good list of desirable Building Sites Cheap and on easy terms.

Money to Loan at low rates of interest.

11 TROUNCE AVENUE.

GROCERIES.

CASH!

GO TO JOHNS BROS., FOR

FLOUR,
BRAN,
SHORTS,
CHOP, WHEAT,
ETC.

Best in Quality and Lowest in Prices.

261 DOUGLAS ST., Cor. Kings Road.

Armour's Extra Choice Hams.....18 cts.
Armour's Extra Choice Bacon.....18 "
Cottolene.....12 1-2
Pine Lard.....15 cts.

Finnan Haddies received this day.
Butter in 10lb. tins—best creamery.

R. H. JAMESON,
Red Front Store, 83 Fort St.

Just received another consignement of Hams and Bacon. See our prices before buying.

EASTERN PORK AND PROVISION STORE.

13 and 14 City Market, oppo. Broad st. Large lot of turkeys coming for Thanksgiving Day.

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

For FAMILY Use

IS THE BEST.

Ask Your Grocer for it. Have no other

Manufactured by

RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS,
ALBANY, OREGON.

VICTORIA RICE MILLS
ROLLER FLOUR MILL
62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

UNDERTAKERS.

CHAS. HAYWARD
(Established 1867.)

Funeral Director and Embalmer
Government Street, Victoria.

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND THANKSGIVING EVENT

VICTORIA THEATRE

Wednesday, Thursday.. Nov. 21 and 22,

THE VICTORIA AMATEUR.....

MINSTRELS,

Under the distinguished patronage of His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor and Mrs. Dewdney.

For the Benefit of the Victoria Lacrosse Club

A Festival of Mirth and Melody.
The Latest Catchy Songs—Sprightly Dances.
Grand Chorus of 35—Full orchestra of 10 Pieces.
The Serpentine Dance—The Great Cake Walk.
The Latest Furore, "Polly McGilligan's Band" (by special permission of Thatcher's Minstrels).
Look out for the Street Parade. Prices—$1, 75c., 50c., and 25c. Reserved seats at Jameson's. n12

A.O.U.W. Hall, Yates St.,

Finest and best equipped Hall in the city for Concerts, Balls and Socials. Fine Stage, Large Gallery, Absolutely fireproof, Properly Ventilated, Electric Lights, also Lodge Rooms. Apply Capt. J. D. Warren, 6 Trounce avenue.

NEWS OF THE INTERIOR

Items of Interest Respecting Mining and Farming on the Mainland.

Hops Being Sent to England From Lord Aberdeen's Ranch in Okanagan.

Revelstoke Mail.

The mining business done at the Revelstoke office this season shows that ten mineral and thirteen placer claims were located; ten leases were issued in Big Bend and two in the Lardeau.

In Big Bend several thousand dollars have been spent in development work during the summer. Between seventy and eighty men have been engaged, but there were four or five weeks of enforced idleness—in some cases more than three months—on account of the disastrous floods and washouts, which destroyed many thousand dollars worth of mine buildings, flumes, dams, etc. It is estimated that the output would have been nearly double had the season been favorable. Competent authorities predict that next season's output will be the greatest in the recent history of the country.

The gold output from Big Bend this season amounts to about $15,000, apportioned as follows:

French Creek	$12,150 00
Columbia River	1,800 00
McCulloch Creek	500 00
Carnes Creek	500 00
Smith Creek	50 00
Total	$15,000

Nakusp Ledge.

This week's shipments of ore from the Slocan via Nakusp establishes a record which will not be broken for some time. The ore has been from the store house of the Slocan Star at Three Forks and has been forwarded to Omaha. Both the Lytton and the Kootenay have been handling the article, the latter having the aid of the scow. Three hundred and eighty-four tons in all, or 26 carloads, have been sent out since last reporting at a release value of $38,400. This week's hauling will finish the Slocan Star's contract, but 1000 tons more will be shipped out in January, H. Mann securing the job of getting it out to the Forks. The Noble Five people have concluded to export 500 tons at once, followed by several hundred more from the Mountain Chief. The Alpha is piling up 100 tons at Silverton, to be handled probably at the end of the month, with heavier lists in January. The Fisher Maiden is also stacking five tons daily at Silverton, as the nucleus of a big shipment. It is estimated that over ten thousand tons of high grade ore is on the dumps of the various Slocan mines, awaiting the advent of snow to rawhide and ship, to say nothing for the immense bodies of concentrates or second-class matter, in which Captain Moore's establishment will figure. From the Le Roi, on Trail Creek, 54 tons, valued at $2700, were forwarded to East Helena. The Silver King sent out 108 tons of ore to Denver, Col., at a valuation of $10,800.

The C. P. R. are now figuring on a large steam barge, to ply between this port and the foot of the Arrow Lake railway. That would obviate the double handling of the ore here, as the cars would be run on to the barge and conveyed to the upper railway, and so on direct to the smelter. The barge would be built here and be capable of transporting a dozen cars.

The lower end of Kootenay lake was the scene of a fatal gunning accident Thursday. Gus Adams and J. Keppler were out hunting, and a stray shot from the former's rifle struck Keppler above the knee and glanced into his body. Adams started with the wounded man in a boat for assistance. The steamer Nelson was met and Keppler was taken to Bonner's Ferry, where the wound was pronounced fatal.

The construction company find it a difficult task to get men to finish ballasting up the railway. Fifty or 60 hands are employed, but there is room for 200. With the present small gang it will be a month yet ere the job is ended.

Some elegant samples of mica from the claims recently located across the lake are being exhibited in town, and are exciting much comment. Quite large blocks are being shown, with the crystals pure and clear, and of a beautiful white. The samples were taken from the surface, the veins leading direct into the rock.

Trail creek ores average in gold to the ton as follows: Le Roi, $42; Josie, $36 to $40; War Eagle, $24 to $33; Nickel Plate, $70 to $80; Cliff, $12.

Kamloops Sentinel.

An Indian named Qualtskt, belonging to the North Thompson reserve, brought in the news last week that he had found the skeleton of a man on the Stillwater, about 160 miles from Kamloops. Qualtskt is a noted hunter and trapper, and on his way down from the northern country came upon the body. Wolves and bears had done their ghastly work, and almost all the flesh had been eaten from the body. The head was so much swollen that the man could not be recognized. There were some shreds of clothing left. The body was found about three miles above where Gott Brothers found the canoe adrift last summer and about 40 miles from where the cache of provisions was found. There is a strong probability that the remains found are those of one of the McCabe party who went northward last April. Mr. D. McLean and an Indian left on Saturday to visit the place and make further investigations.

Mr. Andrew Clarke, of Montreal, who went up to see the discovery of coal on the North Thompson, returned last Saturday afternoon. He made an examination of the croppings and brought down about 50 pounds as a sample. He thinks that there is likely to be better coal underlying the seam found, which could only be found by boring, but it is questionable whether, with present facilities of transportation, it would be profitable to work the deposit.

News has just been received from the far north of the sad drowning of Wm. Sanford, and also a friend. Sanford was born at Cache creek, was about 19 years of age, and was highly respected by all those who came in personal contact with him. His gallant action will never be forgotten, for he died in trying to save another man's life. In the early part of the spring some five men, accompanied by William Sanford, started on a prospecting tour towards the Arctic—the Mackenzie river. They took a pack animals and a supply of provisions to last for five years. It was on Nation river that one of the party was struggling for life, when young Sanford jumped in to save the drowning man, and both met a watery grave. He leaves a mother, three sisters and a brother to mourn his untimely loss.

Mr. John H. Willis, of the North Thompson, died at the Royal Inland hospital on Monday morning of pneumonia and was buried on Wednesday. Mr. Willis had suffered for some weeks from a bad cold, which developed into the more malignant pneumonia a fortnight before his death. Mr. Willis was an Englishman, who, after spending a few weeks through some of the mining states, came to Kamloops, and eight years ago took up a ranch on the North Thompson. He put in a rather extensive plant for irrigating and was considered a careful, competent farmer. He was 42 years of age and leaves a widow and three small children.

The Lytton corespondent of the Kamloops Sentinel says:

The viceregal party passed through to-day. His lordship went over to Thomas G. Earl's farm, and thoroughly enjoyed the trip, although the weather was not favorable, as it was blowing a heavy wind and the river was very hard to navigate; but his lordship does not allow trifles to bother him. He went through Mr. Earl's orchard and had a long chat on fruit raising. Mr. A. F. Hautier met him at the train with his spanking team of bays and drove him to the ferry. When returning the boat was drifting backward, and as his lordship was in a hurry he got out and towed the boat along shore while the Indian ferrymen sat in the boat. We thought it rather funny to see our governor-general hauling two Indians along in a boat. He expressed his regret that we were so inconvenienced for want of a bridge across the Thompson, but was satisfied that the government would attend to the matter at the present session. He was greatly pleased with Mr. Earl's orchard, and carried off samples of all the different kinds of apples.

Midway Advance.

Messrs. S. Mangott and D. McEachren, of the Morning Star, Fairview, have leased the Strathyre company's stamp mill for the winter and will commence crushing ore on or about the 20th of the month. This is welcome news to the people of Fairview and the district generally. There is plenty of money in sight in the Morning Star, and "Steve and Danny" are not going to let it lie in the ground. Fairview owes a good deal to their pluck and energy.

Hops are now being shipped from the Aberdeen estate to England. Although it is understood the prices are not quite up to those of last year, yet it is pleasing to be assured that the crop was about equal and the quality if anything superior to last year's sample.

Dr. D. L. Beckingsale, "resident physician for the Kettle river district (?)" is in California. Why Dr. Beckingsale received the appointment, considering that he never set foot in the district, is incomprehensible. The appropriation should be given to Dr. Jakes, who has made Kettle river his home.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

ENGLISH COUNTRY HOUSES.

Routine for Entertainers and Guests During the Season.

With the opening days of September the country house parties nominally commence. August gatherings do not amount to "parties" in the strict sense of the word, being principally composed of relatives and intimate friends asked for a pleasant ten days' rather than for a smart five days' visit; but it is during these friendly visits that ceremony is put on one side as far as may be and every one allowed to do pretty much as he or she likes. Even at the smartest country house parties the modern hostess takes up this line as against the strict discipline formerly in force.

"Do you like paying visits?" is a question frequently put by those who distinctly dislike doing so, on the ground that the restraints of each day are irksome to them. They do not like the method by which they are to be amused—the fixed hours for pastimes, for meals, for riding, driving, shooting and the rest. There is a good deal in this from the point of view of a jaded and tired individual seeking perfect quiet and repose, and also from that of an idle man who likes his own way and to take his own time for amusing himself. The generality of men feel very much the same on this head, namely, "the liberty of the subject," although they, nevertheless, conform to the rules of the house at which they are staying, and allow themselves to be taken, say, to luncheon at the houses of people they know only by name in the meekest manner if the hostess so wills it, when they would far rather be left at home to amuse themselves in their own way, whatever that may be, with a favorite pipe for a companion. Ladies, on the contrary, are not averse to plans being made and carried out for their benefit. They readily fall into their hostess' projects and expect to go somewhere, and to do something most days; but a hostess knows from experience that these plans must include the men of a party or the expedition will fall very flat, and the ladies, left to themselves, will not return in the most cheerful of spirits. The modern hostess invites the guests with due regard to their exigencies, so as not to sacrifice the leisure of the one sex to the demands of the other.

The writer of a recent article in a daily contemporary characterizes a country house breakfast as a "first instalment of a day of gorging." It is quite true that many men do "make a good breakfast," but a good breakfast appetite is a sign of a clear conscience and a good digestion, and if a man eats two eggs, half a partridge, two or three rashers of broiled bacon, a muffin and some marmalade, and passes by the numerous other breakfast dishes set before him—dressed fish, broiled fowl, omelet, cold ham, cutlets, etc.—he does not consider he has "done himself" too well, taking into account the walking exercise that is before him.

A looker on at a country house breakfast would notice that a lady generally eats fish, either dressed or fried, and either a wing of a partridge or a broiled fowl or a slice of cold ham or tongue, breakfast rolls or dry toast and butter, a little honey or jam, and one cup of coffee or tea. In these days of early rising, walks before breakfast, and the greater portion of the day passed in the open air, golfing, playing tennis or croquet, rowing and riding, a breakfast appetite is a natural result; and the question so rife at the present moment, as to whether ladies do or do not eat too much, answers itself in any case at a country house party.

From 9 to 9.30 is the usual breakfast hour in most houses; occasionally it is extended to 10 where late hours are kept in the smoking room. Again, punctuality at this meal is the rule in some houses; not so in others, where great latitude is allowed. As to guests shaking hands with each other, this ceremony takes place only in the evening, when good-nights are said. In the morning a nod or a smile, or a "good-morning," is all that is said or done by way of greeting. The next general meeting is at luncheon—1.30—on non-shooting days, or a meeting of ladies only, and, though a choice of dishes is offered, ladies generally prefer to eat of one dish only in the meat course—say a cutlet or a help of chicken, or a slice of roast mutton, followed by a sweet. Men who have not been out shooting eat quite a spare luncheon, and neither touch meat nor sweets, cake, biscuit or cheese being the extent of their requirements at this hour. On the other hand, after a long morning spent in walking over stubble in search of partridges, men are equal to making a very substantial luncheon out of doors, and do not despise Irish stew, mutton pies, cold beef, pigeon pie, sausage rolls, and the like, to say nothing of bitter beer, whiskey and soda water, and, not seldom, champagne—this latter being most frequently given by bachelor hosts. It is a well known fact that the ladies of a house party are more than pleased to join the shooters at their out-door luncheons; but it is whispered that the company of ladies is not equally appreciated by keen sportsmen on these occasions, on the ground of loss of time and vexatious delay in resuming sport, the afternoons being all too short in which to shoot the wily partridge.

Five o'clock tea in the country is not "4.30 tea," as in town, and amounts to almost a meal itself, with its hot cakes, rich cakes and sandwiches. In September the shooters seldom return in time to join the ladies at tea, while in November their presence is generally to be counted upon, as daylight wanes by 4.30, and within doors is far pleasanter than without doors at this hour; but even then the smoking room, joined to genuine fatigue, is a formidable rival to the drawing room, however fascinating the tea gowns and the wearers thereof may be.

The dinner hour, however, is the signal for the whole of the company to assemble, at close upon 8.30. When precedency is strictly followed, the same couples are often sent in to dinner together night after night; but a hostess endeavors to introduce a little variety in this respect, as far as possible, so that the companions of the hour may not suffer from monotony. A country house dinner is generally so much to the taste of men that they go through the menu gallantly; but the ladies, as a rule, draw the line, say, at half the menu, their selection resulting in soup, fish, one entree, game or poultry in the second course, a sweet, an ice, and occasionally a savory.

A country house visit lasts four or five days, as the case may be—from Tuesday to Friday, or to Saturday, only very intimate friends being asked to remain over Sunday.—London Queen.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

News of the World Received by Wire in Brief Dispatches.

It is pretty well established that when the police department of New York city is reorganized by the reform administration Superintendent Byrnes will be one of the first to go.

The Realm, of which Lady Colin Campbell is the editor, appeared last week, and was favorably received. In its first issue the Realm announces that the Duke of Argyll is engaged to Miss Knox Little.

Only a Few Left

OF THOSE WONDERFUL PICTURES AT . . . .

WEILER BROS.

These are marvellous productions for the price, elegantly framed and all good subjects.

We have had a great sale of them during the week, and offer the balance at the same

VERY LOW FIGURE.

WEILER BROS, - - - FORT STREET.

A New Shortening

If you have a sewing machine, a clothes wringer or a carpet sweeper (all new inventions of modern times), it's proof that you can see the usefulness of new things.

Cottolene

Is a new shortening, and every housekeeper who is interested in the health and comfort of her family should give it a trial. It's a vegetable product and far superior to anything else for shortening and frying purposes. Physicians and Cooking Experts say it is destined to be adopted in every kitchen in the land. This is to suggest that you put it in yours now. It's both new and good. Sold in 3 and 5 pound pails, by all grocers.

Made only by
THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,
Wellington and Ann Sts., MONTREAL.

Victoria Metal Works Co.

J. FITZPATRICK,

Sanitary Plumbers, Steam and Hot Water Engineers.

COPPER, BRASS, TIN AND SHEET IRON WORKERS.

Repairing Bicycles, etc.; also First Class Brazing and general repairing of Tinware. Dealers in New and Second Hand Stoves.

117 FORT STREET.

Dentists' Notice.

We, the undersigned dentists of Victoria, agree to close our respective offices on Saturday afternoons after one o'clock throughout the year: A. C. West, A. E. Yerrinder, D. J. Quinlan, T. J. Jones, Findley & Baker, S. G. Clemence, Lewis Hall, A. Humber, S. M. Hartman, H. P. Moody. n3-1m

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

A specific monthly medicine for ladies to restore and regulate the menses producing free, healthy and painless discharges. No aches or pains on approach. Now used by over 10,000 ladies. Cost one will convince. Invigorates these organs. Buy of your druggist only those with our signature across face of label. Avoid substitutes. Sealed particulars mailed in stamp. $1.00 per box. Address, EUREKA CHEMICAL COMPANY, Detroit, Mich.

HOTELS, ETC.

The Hotel Victoria!

Is daily becoming more popular under the management of

C. E. ESCALET.

Now that the house has been put into good shape, local people will find that they can get one of the finest meals in the city, and at moderate prices. Special attention is being paid to private dinner parties.

JOHN MESTON,

Carriage Maker

BLACKSMITH, ETC.

Broad Street, Between Johnson and Pandora Streets.

What Your Advertisement Should Say.

People used to say, "Oh, I never pay any attention to advertising, it never tells the truth." Now it's different, people do read advertisements and they believe them.

Advertisers are becoming more careful and more scrupulously truthful every day. I know a firm of advertising agents, who also own a medicated soap. I said, "Is it really such a wonderful thing, and do you take the care you say you do in making it?"

The answer was: "Of course it is a good thing. We have seen too much of advertising to be fools enough to spend money advertising a poor article."

Most all advertisers understand this nowadays and that is why it pays to read advertisements. It is also the chief reason why advertising pays better than it used to.

The best place to put an advertisement is in the paper that enjoys the confidence of the community. I believe that the standing of the paper reflects on the advertisements that it carries.

There is another thought which never occurred to me, but which was conveyed in a remark recently made to me by Mr. M. M. Gillam, the advertising manager at Wanamaker's. He said: "A sleepy paper gathers a sleepy constituency. An alert, wideawake progressive sheet gets readers who like that sort of thing or lifts them to its level."

Wideawake people are the ones most influenced by advertising. Progressive people who are not afraid of a new thing, or a new idea. People who believe in the paper they read, because they have learned to rely on it. Put your trust and money in that sort of a paper.

Occasionally an advertisement will fall flat. The wise man looks for the reason. He doesn't say blindly: "Advertising doesn't pay." He looks at the condition of general trade, at the weather, at the goods and the price and the way the ad. is worded.

This is certain. A readable ad. in a readable paper will be read. Probably not by all of the readers of the paper, but by a sufficient number to make the ad. pay, if the goods are right. No doubt about it whatever. It's as sure as sunshine. A cloudy day comes sometimes, but it doesn't stay long.

Maternity Home

(LATE SAMARITAN.)

Removed to 100 Johnson Street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or Mrs. Fitzherbert, Gorge Road.

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V.S., Buffalo, N.Y.) Office at Bray's Livery, 100 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417, Victoria, B.C.

ARCHITECTS.

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT,
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue.

PHYSICIANS.

DR. ALBERT WILLIAMS,
Late of London, Eng. General family and obstetric practice, with special attention to diseases of children and diseases of the chest and stomach. Over twenty-five years' professional experience. Many years a member of the British Homœopathic Society, British Gynæcological Society and Pathological Society of London. Dr. Williams may be consulted at all hours at his office and residence 54 Pandora, near Quadra street, city. Telephone 153. jn12-tf

LAWYERS

A. L. BELYEA,
Barrister and Solicitor.
Rooms 4 and 5, Board of Trade Building, Bastion Square, Victoria, B. C.

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets. Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 80 Vancouver St.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m. for the convenience of the Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS.
Court Vancouver No. 5785, A. O. F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Forester's Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited.
sIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE,
No. 1, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, cor. Douglas and Fingard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
C. DUBOIS MASON, Sec.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE,
No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fingard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
R. A. BROWN, Sec.

ST. ANDREW'S AND CALEDONIAN
Society meets in their own Hall, Blanchard street on the first Friday of every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join.
E. C. SMITH, Sec.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A. & W. WILSON,
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS,
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone 548.

DENTISTRY.

DR. A. C. WEST
Surgeon Dentist,
Office Rooms: 1, 2 & 3, Adelphi Block Corner Yates and Government Sts., Victoria, B.C.
Dr. West calls particular attention to the Chase Metallic Roof Plate, which is the best denture ever devised and for which he is the sole licensee for B. C. Its points of superiority are—lightness, strength, conductivity, and perfect adaptation, thus giving it all the advantages of an all gold plate with none of its disadvantages, and at a price within the reach of all. To examine a specimen plate will convince at once the truth of the above assertions. All dental work performed carefully and skilfully. Teeth extracted absolutely without pain by the use of a local anæsthetic. my17-6-w

SITUATION WANTED.

WANTED—Sewing by the day by a dressmaker just from Winnipeg; first class work promised. Miss Shepherd, 15 George street. n1-1m

BOOKKEEPER.—Young man holding good references would take charge of a set of books (large or small), do stenographic work and typewriting. Address "Bookkeeper," Times office. oc27-tf

FOR WAITING ON TABLES at balls, weddings, and private parties, or getting up suppers, making tea and coffee, etc., apply to Mrs. Blackmore, 113 Blanchard St., or Watson & Hall, 55 Yates St. oc9-1m

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—One Remington type-writer in good condition; one small Taylor safe. Apply "Stenographer," Times office. 17-3t

FOR SALE—One horse, 7 years old, weight about 1,000 lbs.; one mare, 6 years old, weight about 1,500 lbs. Apply to H. E. Moller, 33 Constance St., City, at Sayward Mill Co.'s yard. n10-2w

FOR SALE—165 acres having half a mile frontage on Sproat Lake, Alberni, 20 acres good bottom land, remainder good fruit land, no rock. Price reduced from $1,600 to $700. Also 200 acres good agricultural land near Alberni townsite, reduced to $3 per acre on any terms to suit purchaser. A. W. More & Co., 79 Douglas St.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—A well trained housemaid and parlor maid; good health and good references required. Apply at Pentrelew, 23 Cadboro Road, between the hours of 12 and 1 or 6 and 7 o'clock.
nov16-1w Colonist copy.

NURSING by a competent woman; charges very moderate. Apply 113 Chatham St. n3

TO LET.

TO LET—Two or three well furnished rooms, with or without breakfast. Apply on premises, 204 Yates street nov17-1t

MISCELLANEOUS

TO OWNERS OF SEALING SCHOONERS—Suit of sails complete and in first class order, of a schooner of 300 tons burthen; would make suit of sails for a sealing vessel at small expense; also first class chronometer. George Byrnes, Wharf St. n15-1w

WANTED—To exchange, Building Society shares and city lot for house and lot situate between Douglas, Vancouver, Humboldt and Johnson streets. State value. Address P. O. drawer 49. n16-tf

JEWELERS, ETC.

W. J. STODDART,
Practical Watchmaker and Jeweler
New York Hotel Building, Yates St.

Watches cleaned, 75 cts; Best Mainsprings 75 cts; Pivoting Wheels, 75 cts; Staffs and Pinions, $1.25; Clocks Cleaned, 50 cts. Jewelry repaired on short notice, on premises, at very low figures.

S. A. STODDART,
The New Watchmaker and Jeweller,
68½ Yates Street.
Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c.
New Main Spring, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months.
Practical experience of over 25 years.
Waltham Stem Wind Watches from $5.

The Daily Times.

THE OPIUM TRADE.

The action of the council of the board of trade in using its influence in behalf of the traffic in opium is very generally condemned. The "manufacture" of opium in Victoria is confined exclusively to a few Chinese merchants, whose output is sold to dealers for exportation to the United States by the "underground railway." Excepting the transportation companies that carry the "dope" from China to Victoria, our citizens have little financial interest in the traffic. The "industry," it is true, has been a profitable one to certain Chinese merchants, and, to a very limited extent probably, to some of our honest traders. In every other respect the trade is a nefarious one. Its very existence is dependent upon the successful violation of American customs laws, for if the drug could not be smuggled into the United States the "factories" could not be operated for a single day. The council petitioned the Dominion government to exclude the covering when estimating the duty, in order that the opium merchants might be enabled to continue their business. Had the council made its application general and applied for the exclusion of all wraps and coverings, no matter what the character of the goods, the invidious distinction would have been avoided and the executive of the board of trade would have escaped the imputation, which it has now earned, of using its influence to propagate a traffic which, on every ground, is one that should be restricted, if not entirely suppressed.

THE USUAL DISCOURTESY.

Even in the small matter of seating in the legislative assembly the opposition in this province is treated ungenerously and discourteously by the government and its friends. Yesterday the government organ gave a sketch-plan of the seats as they are arranged in the new house, and sought to convey the impression that the eccentricity of the arrangement was due to some freak of the opposition, whereas the truth is that the opposition members were forced into the difficulty by the lack of common courtesy on the part of their opponents. It is allowed as a matter of right rather than of privilege in all other Canadian legislative bodies that the opposition members shall group themselves together on the left hand of the speaker. This the local opposition wished to do, and therefore asked that they be allowed six front and six rear seats on the left side, but ministerial supporters insisted on breaking into the middle of the front line. The government either could not or would not intervene, and the opposition members were therefore obliged to effect the best arrangement they could. It is quite characteristic on the part of the World and the Colonist to throw cheap sneers at them for so doing. It is a wonder the opposition is allowed to live.

CHEAP LABOR.

To the Editor:—As a result of the agitation in regard to salaries of letter carriers, the Dominion government and the doughty knight at the head of the postoffice department, saw the folly of their ways. Another grievance calls for the united efforts of our citizens. I refer to the work in progress at Macaulay's Point. Think of the large number of men, employed at the hardest kind of manual labor, at one dollar and twenty-five cents a day! In Victoria the cost of living is, at least, five dollars per week, leaving the workmen with two dollars and fifty cents for clothing and other necessaries of life. During the rainy season they average about four days per week. It has always been the proud boast of our forefathers that "Britons never shall be slaves." I claim that the Chinese slaves employed in Victoria are in a far better condition than the seventy-five workmen employed at building fortifications. Imagine a man supporting a wife and family on the wages paid at Macaulay's Point; with rent at say six dollars per month, water one dollar, butter at least twenty-five and meat ten cents per pound, a family can scarcely exist on thirty dollars per month. Chinese cooks receive from fifteen to twenty-five dollars per month with board and lodging. Strong men of our race eke out a bare existence toiling from daylight to dark for the country which claims their allegiance. This city has a standard rate of wages for common labor. Two dollars a day is low enough in a province where the necessaries of life are so expensive. Low wages caused the introduction of cheap, alien labor. Low wages means slavery. Whenever a man is called on to work for a bare living he is no better off than the toiler in the mines of Siberia. Sooner or later the proverbial rainy day comes to all men and they should be prepared to meet it. Men of our race look for a few dollars above the cost of living to put aside. If the government cannot pay a fair day's wage for a fair day's work it should at least follow the example of Russia and use convict labor. The writer was born under the English flag, lived under it, and expects to die a Briton. It almost brings a blush of shame to find men toiling for the preservation of that flag at starvation wages, wages so low that a private individual would hesitate before offering them to a Chinaman. WORKER.

MR. CUTHBERT EXPLAINS.

To the Editor:—From your report of the proceedings in the Cowan capias matter, it would appear as if I had given Mr. C. Spencer voluntary information that would warrant him in taking the steps he did. I gave Mr. Spencer no such information and all the inferences that he could possibly draw from the conversation we had were that Mr. M. Cowan was certainly going to remain in Victoria. The interview was certainly sought by Mr. Spencer most urgently, and he admitted before the judge in reply to Mr. Bodwell that I told him Mr. Cowan was not going to leave town. His evident embarrassment at this time conclusively proved that he had not given a true version of our interview. I am very sorry indeed to touch upon this matter in public, but I have suffered considerably by the impression becoming general that I divulged confidential matters between myself and client and which led to his arrest. I have therefore no option but to put the matter right. With any other matters herein I have nothing whatsoever to say but simply to protect my own business interests.

HERBERT CUTHBERT.

SEWERAGE WORKS INSPECTION.

To the Editor:—A writer in Sunday morning's Colonist signing himself "Ratepayer," asks the city engineer if two inspectors, each drawing $4 per day, are necessary in the construction of the sewer on Bastion street between Wharf and Langley streets. As I am an inspector in this locality I would like to set "Ratepayer's" mind easy on the matter. In the first place there are not two inspectors on Bastion street between Wharf and Langley. Speaking for myself, I am at present inspecting on Langley and Courtney streets, and so far had nothing to do with Bastion street below Langley. I quite agree with "Ratepayer" when he says there is no need for inspection for some time on Bastion street, as there is a large body of rock to blast out, but when he wishes to convey to the public the impression that there are two inspectors employed there he has certainly not informed himself of the truth of the matter. Criticism is a very proper thing in public matters, but let us have it on truthful lines.

ED. BRAGG.

A PIECE OF ANTIQUE OAK.

Once a Portion of Danish King Christian's Flagship.

A small block of white oak on the editor's desk, says Hardwood, suggests possibilities in the direction of added beauty and variety to this princely wood. The block in question is one and one-quarter inches thick and three inches wide by six inches long, with vertical grain. It is over two hundred years old, and is a piece of a warship built by King Christian IV., of Denmark and named Trefoldigheden (The Trinity). In the naval battle of Kolbergerheide, July 1, 1644, the Trinity was King Christian's flagship, he commanding the fleet. The king was a pugnacious, doughty old fighter, and a terror on the sea. The fight was hot, and the old sea dog forced it with all his usual vigor. During the hottest part he engaged two of the enemy's ships at once with the Trinity, and while on the deck bare headed and powder stained, urging on his gunners, a shot from the enemy tore off a splinter from the mainmast which struck him in the right eye, completely destroying the sight. Stunned for a moment, he rallied, and binding a handkerchief over his torn and bleeding eye, he went on with the fight more ferociously than ever. The ship was finally badly damaged, and, setting the example of our own Perry followed nearly two centuries later, he launched his boats and transferred his flag to another ship and won the battle and sailed to Copenhagen in triumph, taking the crippled ship Trinity with him. The ship was repaired and served in many a fight thereafter, and survived for more than a hundred years, when, in 1792, worn out and battered, the game old hulk was burned to the water's edge and sunk in the harbor of Copenhagen. There the stout oak timbers and planks remained in a fitting grave for such a gallant ship until in 1881 it was discovered while repairs were being made to the docks of the city, and it was raised and taken to pieces and portions preserved. One of these venerable relics is the piece of oak here referred to. It is as sound as when cut in the northern forest more than 250 years ago, and the grain and texture are as though cut but yesterday; but the color is as black as ebony, and the weight is fully one half more than that of newly cut white oak. It is evidently susceptible of a very light polish, and ornamented with a monogram of the grim old king it makes a handsome paper weight.

WEATHER BULLETIN.

Probabilities Next 24 Hours.

Monday, November 19.—A depression extending over British Columbia and travelling east. Higher temperature with local showers. Don't go out without a Rigby porous waterproof coat.

Use Gibbon's Toothache gum, sold druggists.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Award.

NANAIMO NEWS.

Verdict of the Coroner's Jury in the Quale Case.

Nanaimo, Nov. 19.—The coroner's jury met again on Saturday afternoon in order to complete the investigation in the inquest on the body of William Quale. One good feature about the inquest was that the jury was composed entirely of miners and this circumstance has given much satisfaction. Mr. W. McGregor, the manager, did everything in his power to assist in the investigation, and Mr. A. Dick, inspector of mines, cross-examined all the witnesses so that the case was thoroughly sifted.

The jury after careful and due consideration returned their verdict as follows:

"We, the jury, find that William Quale came to his death by a shot flowing through from a cross cut driven towards the incline in which he was working, but while we consider the death of William Quale was caused by an error in judgment in miscalculating the distance between the two places by both parties, we are of opinion that Webster and Wilson are guilty of neglecting their duty in not giving the customary signal by rapping, and we are also of the opinion that Hansen did not take sufficient precaution for the safety of himself and partner. We beg to make the following recommendation: that when two places are approaching each other that the shotlighter see before firing that they signal each other and receive an answer."

Several of the jurymen have taken exception to the item in yesterday's Colonist to the effect that a prosecution will arise out of the verdict against the company.

Mr. T. Keith, foreman of the jury, was seen by the writer and asked if he thought the company were in any way to blame?

"Certainly not, neither was there any intention of passing any censure on the company or its officials by the jury. We, as a jury simply brought in a verdict, which, according to the evidence, was what we considered right and proper."

It is evident the jury consider the case has been thoroughly sifted and the censure placed on the men who were negligent in their duty and nothing further can possibly give more satisfaction.

The concert given by the Silvero Cornet band on Saturday night was an exceptionally good one, and was well worthy of the patronage it received. The programme was lengthy and selected, so that it could not do otherwise than please the audience.

A. Haslam, M. P., presided. The revenue derived will help considerably towards the purchase of a new set of instruments.

Rev. R. Maitland delivered his second lecture of the course on the labor question yesterday afternoon, and the lecturer received great encouragement by way of a largely increased attendance. The workmen appear to appreciate these lectures and turn out in numbers far in excess of the most sanguine expectations, and it is evident that the number next week will be augmented still further.

The Reform Club has arranged with Mr. Marchant of Victoria to deliver an address during the winter months in this city on the question of "free trade." A meeting will take place each month to which the general public will be invited, and other speakers will also deal with the subject.

The Hornets turned out en masse on Saturday for a practice game. Among the players was A. Quinn who, it is understood, will in future reside in this city. He will materially strengthen the impregnable Hornets.

Xmas.
Toys and novelties, wholesale and retail, at Russell and McDonald's, 134 Douglas street.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

The Events of the Day Among Amateurs and Professionals.

THE CUE.

IVES IS CHAMPION.

New York, Nov. 17.—Frank C. Ives, the young Napoleon of billiards, has demonstrated his right to the title of the champion billiardist of the world by defeating Jake Schaefer, the Wizard. The victory was a decisive one, Ives defeating his old time instructor by a score of 3,600 to 3,074 points. Ives has been challenged by Eduard Fournil, the French expert, to play for $500 a side. As Ives is willing to accommodate the Frenchman the game will probably be played in the near future.

Ives opened this evening's play with a run of 28. Schaefer in his inning responded with a beautiful run, which came to an abrupt close after he had made 93. He missed a simple carom solely through carelessness. There was no excuse for such a bad miss, and it made the Wizard's friends lose heart. The miss left the balls in position for Ives, who was not slow to take advantage of the chance, and with careful nursing and excellent round the table play his cue ball ticked melodiously for a total of 331. This breaks the record for this style of game, supplanting Schaefer's run of 271 in the last match. The run was a remarkable one and was an excellent example of high class playing. This run practically settled whatever chances Schaefer may have had. Even his most ardent admirers conceded that he was beaten. Ives' average suffered when in the next he failed to count. Schaefer also scored a zero. The Michigan boy's next two innings yielded him 29 and 30, Schaefer closing the innings with breaks of 36 and 24. A very pretty run of 111 by Schaefer followed, and at his next attempt he further altered his score by just 225. These fine rallies awoke considerable enthusiasm. Ives endeavored to flush matters in the next inning, but stopped after making 23. The spectators had not long to wait, for Ives ran the game out in the tenth inning.

Score—Ives (3000) 28, 331, 0, 30, 29, 69, 23, 26, 41, 23—3600.

Schaefer (2529) 93, 13, 0, 36, 24, 111, 235, 21, 12—3074.

Averages—Ives 60, Schaefer 58 1-3.

Grand averages—Ives 48 2-37, Schaefer 41 20-37.

High runs—Ives 331, Schaefer 235.

Referee, A. C. Anson; marker, Bud Schofield.

THE RING.

FITZ AND JIM.

Boston, Mass., Nov. 19.—In an interview to-day Fitzsimmons said Riordan's body would be sent to his brother in San Francisco. Fitzsimmons declared that after his experience with Riordan he thought he would confine his exhibitions on the stage to bag punching. In regard to his fight with Corbett, he said he would not begin to train until the date of the fight had been definitely settled because of the uncertainty of the fight being allowed in Jacksonville. Fitzsimmons said Corbett ought to accept the offer of the Kinetoscope company to have the fight in Mexico. He did not see anything the matter with New Orleans and thought that although the bouts before the club there were limited to twenty five rounds, before that number of rounds were fought either himself or Corbett would be out. He denied that his recent "go" with Choynski was a fake and declared that when he was knocked down by the latter he was almost out.

FROM NEW WESTMINSTER.

Weather Notes—Prisoners' Sentences—The Missing Burton.

New Westminster, Nov. 19.—A Chinook wind swept over the district last night, carrying away Friday night's snowfall of six inches.

The last band of cattle from Similkameen came in last night for the British Columbia Cattle Company. The cowboys report no snow in Hope Pass.

The inquest touching the death of Mrs. Marcus Cox of Mission was concluded this morning. The jury found a verdict that though she died of apnea and disease superinduced by neligence on the part of her husband he was not to be held responsible, she being old and decrepit.

Burton, the missing stenographer, has been heard from in Seattle. Owing to his failure to extend his shorthand notes in the asylum investigation a lot of work has to be done over again, and Drs. Hasell and Newcombe arrived from Victoria this morning to go over that portion.

Louis Victor, the Indian, was found guilty of the murder of Cheam Peter and was sentenced by Judge Bole to be hanged on January 17. Other prisoners were sentenced as follows: Adams, convicted of an aggravated assault on an old Indian with a canoe pole, sentenced to serve two years in the penitentiary. Jones, who attempted to escape from goal, was sentenced to two years in the penitentiary. Grace Irving, convicted of stabbing with intent to do serious bodily harm, was sentenced to nine months in the penitentiary. McLean, who confessed to having stolen property in his possession, was sentenced to 14 month's imprisonment with hard labor from the date of his committal, June last.

PERSONAL.

F. V. Austin, Vancouver, is staying at the New England.

R. M. Gloss, Granby, P. L., has registered at the Driard.

Marcus Wolfe, of Nanaimo, returned from Portland yesterday.

J. E. Hall, St. Louis, Mo., registered Sunday at the Oriental.

Dr. Corsan is at the Jubilee Hospital suffering from pneumonia.

Jas. A. Fulerton and J. E. Pagan, of Vancouver, are at the Driard.

K. Munro was a passenger for Victoria on the City of Seattle last night.

J. H. L. Gerckens, Petaluma, Cal., registered this morning at the Oriental.

R. J. Skinner, Vancouver, and C. P. Miller, Port Townsend, are guests at the Oriental.

Charles H. Fisher, Portland, came to town yesterday and is staying at the New England.

W. B. Campbell, Nanaimo, arrived in the city yesterday and registered at Hotel Victoria.

H. P. Palmerston and wife, Midway, B. C., came to town yesterday and are staying at the Driard.

Brian Drake, Capt. A. W. Jones, Lieut. H. W. Gordon and L. Boscowitz returned from Seattle yesterday.

H. H. Dearborn, a Seattle capitalist, who has been at the Driard the past two weeks, left on the Kingston this morning.

D. B. McKinley, Seattle, was in town Sunday. He came to meet Mrs. McKinley who arrived from San Francisco by the Walla Walla.

USE
MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT for Man and Beast!
It quickly cures
Cuts, Burns, Corns, Bruises, Chilblains, Bunions, Crack between the Toes, Scalds, Piles, Swellings, Ulcers, Stiff Joints, Old Sores, Inflammation of all kinds, Lame Back, Pimples, Rheumatism, Pustules, Caked Breasts, Eruptions, Diseased Tendons, Contracted Muscles, And all Lameness and Soreness.
Langley & Co. Wholesale Agents for B. C.

Sit Now and Avoid Delay

"Coronas" $4.00 per doz., newest and most beautiful style of photo; better and more suitable than Xmas cards. Skene Lowe, Studio 63 Govt. Street.

BRIEF LOCALS

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in Condensed Form.

—One hundred dollars has been contributed by a lady towards the Y. M. C. A. budget fund.

—If you can't keep your razor in order we can show you how. A new line of razors just opened at Fox's, 78 Government street. *

—Alexander H. Montgomery, formerly of Vancouver, has been granted a divorce from his wife Maud by Judge Humas of Seattle.

—Special facilities for making blank books and doing extra claf and other superior binding at R. T. Williams & Co.'s, 28 Broad street. *

—The views taken at Government House during the visit of the governor-general and party are on sale at the Imperial studio.

—The sale of work at the Refuge Home, 108 Cormorant street, on Saturday afternoon, was very well attended and proved a financial success. The ladies of the board of management provided lunch.

—The funeral of little Lizzie May Williscroft took place Saturday afternoon. Services were conducted at Christ church by Rev. Canon Beanlands. There were many floral offerings. The little child was accidentally killed at Essington.

—There has been quite a sale of tickets for the concert to be given by Mr. and Mrs. Rowlands Tuesday evening. The concert is under the auspices of the ladies' aid of the Central Presbyterian church. The leading local talent will assist.

—Saturday William Wallis, the cricketer, and Miss Grace Nicholas were married at St. John's church. Rev. P. Jenns officiated. The bride was given away by Mr. Walter Porter, the bridesmaid being Miss Lakin. Mr. Vincent Cave acted as best man.

—The civil service examinations were concluded on Saturday. The subjects embraced were as follows: "Reading, penmanship, arithmetic, geography, history (Canada, France, Britain and the United States), orthography, grammar, composition, transcription, precis writing, bookkeeping, stenography and typewriting."

—A Portland dispatch says: "William Dunbar, the commission merchant who was convicted about one year ago of smuggling opium and sentenced to two years in the county jail, has gone to China. Dunbar appealed his case to the United States supreme court, and, pending a decision, he was released from custody on $4000 bonds. Dunbar's friends say he has gone to China on business and will return in three months."

—There was an excellent turnout at the concert at the Y. M. C. A. on Saturday night for the benefit of the football team. The programme was as follows: Selection, Euphonic orchestra; solo, Mr. Wheeler; trio, mandoline, violin and piano; recitation, Miss Strachan; club swinging, Miss Murray; piano duet, Misses Davey; recitation, Miss Dunnington; violin solo, Prof. Wickens; solo, Mr. Firth, and selection, Euphonic orchestra.

—A Tacoma dispatch says: "Mrs. R. McGovern claims her trunk and a box containing $1000 in gold was shipped to China from Victoria, B. C., by mistake, and should have been shipped here. Mrs. McGovern is the wife of Richard McGovern, who is known here familiarly as "Missouri Dick." They reported a loss of about $8000 in gold here a year ago, when it was claimed their trunks were robbed. Mrs. McGovern, being without funds, says she will return to the stage.

—Two hundred pounds of opium brought over from China on the steamer Sikh, which arrived last Thursday, has been seized in Tacoma. The drug was consigned to a Chinese firm in Portland. According to dispatches from Tacoma, Cullum claims to be guided in the matter by the treaty of 1881 between the United States and China, which contains a provision prohibiting the importation of opium from China by Chinese subjects. The opium is in three cases and with duty paid is worth about $2500. This is the third consignment attempted to be imported, but as the first and second were consigned to white merchants they were admitted. It is said that this is only a scheme for evading the law and that the opium was really intended for the use of Chinese dealers."

—Mr. J. Johnston, stationers' agent, is now in the Kirk block. *

—Teeth extracted, 50c. each. Dr. A. Humber, 93 1-2 Douglas street. *

—New line of hall stands and other useful furniture at Weiler Bros. *

—Alaska down comforts at Weiler Bros., will give the greatest satisfaction. *

—Prices to fit the times. Clothing to fit the people. Cameron, 55, Johnson street.

—Why cough, while Bronchial Balsam cures coughs and can be obtained at Bowes' drug store, 27 Johnson street? *

—A concert will be given by the ladies of St. Andrew's cathedral the middle of December for the poor of the city regardless of creed.

—Have you bought anything worth having during the last week? if not, come round and get one of those "Dickens" at Weiler's, 51 to 55 Fort. *

—The police are looking out for the person who broke fire alarm box No. 7, corner of Montreal and Simcoe streets, and stole the key some night last week. Three months in jail is the statute penalty.

—The city council will hold its regular weekly meeting this evening. There are several matters to come up, among others Ald. Harris' motion re the municipal voters' list for the election of next year.

—The steamer City of Kingston left for the sound at 10 o'clock this morning, completely repaired and ready for service. She had about fifteen passengers and several shipments of freight for the sound.

—Dunsmuirs' Wellington coal is admitted to be the best for domestic purposes, and is now being sold by R. Brodrick at the outer wharf, he guaranteeing to deliver purchaser good screened coal and correct weight. *

—Thomas Byers received a few bird shot in his leg on Saturday from a weapon in the hands of his brother, Capt. Byers. The latter had been hunting and on his return home the shot gun was accidentally discharged. Mr. Byers received only a slight wound.

—Thursday evening the Diocesan Literary and Scientific Society will hold their opening conversazione. A week from Thursday the following subject will be debated: "Would the adoption of a free trade policy by the Dominion be beneficial to this province?"

—On her way from the sound on Saturday evening the steamer City of Seattle was delayed on account of an accident to her machinery. Repairs were made at this port, the Seattle leaving about 12 o'clock on Saturday night. The Kingston resumes her place on the route to-morrow.

—The Thanksgiving entertainment on Wednesday evening at Centennial Methodist church will be of more than ordinary interest. There will be several good musical numbers and four young ladies, each representing one of the great industries of the province, will seek to show that the one they represent is the greatest.

—Before the fall you could get along somehow without a wrap, but now that the season is advanced a waterproof, Cape, ulster or jacket is a necessity. To-day you can get a very beautiful garment for very little money at Partridge's Lansdowne house, 86 Yates street, as he is going out of this line. He needs the room for his millinery department.

—A sad accident occurred on the Sound express of the Canadian Pacific at Sumas Friday night. John Bankville a news agent, was stepping from the train when a friend jokingly pulled his coat. He slipped, falling under the wheels, which passed over his left leg. He was brought to the hospital at Vancouver and his leg was amputated, but it is feared that he will succumb.

—The Northern Pacific liner Sikh is scheduled to leave for the Orient on Wednesday. She will receive considerable freight here, among others a shipment of two hundred tons of flour from Hall, Ross & Co. The latter firm have several large contracts to fill in the Orient. The Sikh will have a full cargo this trip, all of her space having been engaged for several weeks in advance. The northern trans-Pacific lines are carrying all the freight they can stow away.

—The Empress of China is due here from China and Japan to-morrow, and the customs, C. P. R., and U. S. immigration officials are here to meet her as usual. She left Yokohama on November 9th, and it is expected that she will bring some late and reliable advices as to the operations around Port Arthur. The Japanese officials are daily becoming more considerate with newspaper men, and there are few things given out at Tokio and Hiroshima that are not absolutely reliable.

—George Hughes, an aged vagrant, who has spent most of his time in jail in the last few years, was in the police court again this morning. Chief Sheppard said that Hughes had been coming to jail for lodgings for two weeks, and that he did not know what to do with him. They would not have him in the old men's home, as he would steal and sell liquor to Indians. Hughes pleaded guilty to the charge of vagrancy, and all he would say about his habits and vices was that a man had to live and sleep somewhere.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair.
DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

Not a Day

Too soon to order anything you want MADE in the way of jewellery for Xmas presents. Remember Pehnock & Lowe have the best workmen and best equipped workshop.

STAMP OUT DISEASE.

A Thousand Petitions Pray Legislation Regarding Tuberculosis.

Tuberculosis in cattle must be stamped out in British Columbia. This is the unanimous decision of the dairymen and farmers of the city and the surrounding districts, and they have taken effective means to bring about the desired end. For two weeks back petitions have been circulated in the city and the country calling the attention of the provincial government to the matter and asking legislation at this session of the house. The petition reads as follows:

To the Hon. John H. Turner, Minister of Agriculture.

Sir:—The humble petition of the undersigned humbly sheweth that the dairymen and agriculturalists of this district have a vast amount of money invested in horned stock;

That owing to the supposed presence in our midst of tuberculosis, the owners of cattle find their interest not only seriously jeopardized, but financial ruin almost stares many of them in the face.

We admit that every measure and precaution should be resorted to to protect the public health and interest, but when that interest demands the slaughter of our cattle (they being our means of obtaining a livelihood) we can but reflect that the public at large ought to compensate and help us to stamp out this dreadful contagious disease.

The reports from the experimental farms of this Dominion show that a second test of the use of tuberculine on a cow proves almost abortive of its intent.

We call your attention to this to show how easily any owner of cattle could, by the simple process of injecting tuberculine into an effected animal, render the efforts of the inspector almost null and void.

We have every desire to further the efforts of the government and their employees; but candour compels us to remind you of the frailities of human nature, and how prone every one is to cover up what (under the present circumstances) points but to a total loss to cattle raisers of the province, while, on the other hand, when we are subject only to a partial loss, how willingly each and every one will co-operate with the authorities, and, together, quickly stamp out what threatens to destroy one of the main enterprises of this province.

Having thus presented our views, we trust that legislation on our behalf may be speedily passed through parliament for our protection and relief, and your petitioners will ever pray.

This morning a meeting was held at the London when the petitions were handed in. They had one thousand signatures. There were 25 dairymen present and the following committee was appointed to further legislation: W. Clarke, W. Holmes, Mr. Davis, of Davis and Battery, Mr. Rogers and Secretary Few. The question of the amount of compensation to be asked was discussed, but was left open. In England the royal commission that has been sitting on the question awarded three-quarters of the value of the cattle.

"THE FIRST DEVIL."

Dirt the First of the Seven Devils of Modern Society.

Rev. S. Cleaver, in the Metropolitan Methodist church on Sunday night preached the first of a series of sermons on "The Seven Devils of Modern Society." Dirt was the devil of the first sermon. He said many filthy practices were associated with barbarism and idolatry. One of the first crusades instituted by Jehovah was a crusade against dirt. Unclean animals were forbidden for food; unclean persons and contact with the unclean barred men from acceptance with God. A Christian, if true to his privileges and responsibilities was a clean man or woman. But it did not follow that every clean person was a Christian. How many husbands had gone to the bad because of a slovenly partner in a filthy home? It was as great a trial for a clean tidy wife to have a slovenly, filthy husband. Physical, material dirt was not the only kind of dirt against which the Bible waged war. Physical dirt could be washed off with a little soap, but it required more than soap to wash a polluted mind and heart. The dirt of literature was an abomination, yet young ladies with snowy hands and spotless garments plunged headlong into the vile waters of some trashy book, reeking with false pictures of life and debasing views of morality, more loathsome than any city sewer, and which should be dreaded worse than the smallpox or cholera. Bad associations were to be shunned as polluting and soul-destroying. Shun even the very first suggestion, look or act, that diverged one iota from the straight line of purity. It might seem weak and harmless as the soft finger-tips of the devil-fish that had dragged down so many sailors into the depth of the sea; but it was the devil of blackness and filth who would drag them down to the deep sea of an endless night. Those awful dens of iniquity that plagued our cities, that were set as death traps to our young people, would have no existence; that slippery serpent of night, with tongue of fire and lips of flame, whose very kiss burned and withered like the hot blasts from the furnace of hell, would die forthwith and its fires go out for lack of fuel, if they ceased to feed the flames of unholy companionships and reading and banished from their minds that demon who was the author of every impure thought as well as deed. Next Sunday evening there will be a sermon on the second devil of modern society.

Deceiving the Ladies.

The unceasing struggle for supremacy in almost every line of trade undoubtedly has a tendency to make dealers resort to questionable methods of business. Take, for instance, a line of high class dress goods like Priestley's, which has been brought to a state of perfection and has attained popularity everywhere; as soon as the ladies insist upon having these goods and no others it is reported that some merchants have even taken the "Varnished Board," Priestley's trade mark, out of the Genuine Priestley's Black Dress Goods or Cravenettes and wrapped inferior goods upon it for the purpose of deceiving the customer. Fortunately, however, an extra precaution was adopted by the manufacturers in stamping the name "Priestley's" and the length on every five yards, so that ladies who want these goods can be sure they are getting them.

—Look at this! Why invest in foreign and eastern building societies when you can control your own capital and secure a building site on Cowan and Richmond avenues, Bank, Amphion and Hulton streets. Prices from $175 to $225; terms, $5 down, $5 per month, no interest. Apply Morrow, Holland & Co., Times' Building, Broad street.

Brief Locals.

—The Y. M. C. A. football club will practice at Beacon Hill on Tuesday and Wednesday afternoons at 3.30. All members are requested to attend.

—The Indian industrial schools at Kuper Island and Metlakathla will be supplied with meats for the coming four years by R. Porter and Sons. Their tender for the supplies was the successful one.

—Mrs. Flewin, wife of Thomas Flewin, of the Capital saloon, died this morning, aged 61 years. She was a native of Beckley, Kent, England, but did not reside long in her native country, coming to British Columbia on the Hudson Bay company's ship Norman Morrision in 1853. She has resided here ever since. Her husband and three sons, two residing in Victoria and one on the north coast, survive her.

—The school children and younger folk generally want to see the minstrel show, and in answer to many requests the committee has decided to give an afternoon matinee on Thursday afternoon for the children and ladies. The young ones will be admitted for 25 cents and adults for 50 cents to any part of the house. There will be no reserve, but only a sufficient number of tickets to fill the house will be sold. The matinee will start at two o'clock and will be out in ample time for dinner. The seats for Thanksgiving night, which will be the occasion for His Honor Lieut.-Governor Dewdney's visit, are now selling rapidly. It is to be a sort of football evening as well.

. . . THE . . .
Manchester House!
88 YATES STREET

SPECIAL LINES REDUCED FOR THIS MONTH.

Twenty doz. pairs Kid Gloves, usual price $1.00 and $1.25, reduced to 65 cents.
Berlin, Shetland and Andalusian Wools, 5 cents per ounce to clear.
Thirty doz. Ladies' Black Cashmere Hosiery, 25 cents per pair.
White Hemstitched Handkerchiefs 5 cents each.
White Embroidered Handkerchiefs, 12½ cents each.

DRESS GOODS.

Tweed Dress Goods, 56 inches wide, reduced to 50 cents per yard.
Melton Cloth 54 " " 75 " "
Diagonal Serge 52 " " 85 " "
Hop Sacking, Navy, Brown, Fawn " 65 " "

MANTLE DEPT.

Our Jackets and Mantles are all German Manufacture, therefore We can warrant a Good Fitting Garment. Jackets from $3.00. Ladies' Capes with Beaver Trimmings, $6.00. Children's Ulsters from $2.50.

MILLINERY.

A choice line of Trimmed Millinery always on hand. Special styles in English Walking Hats and Sailors.

MANCHESTER HOUSE. - T. HAUGHTON & Co.

Our Special Effort

This week is to increase the purchasing power of your dollar with the greatest values in Hats ever offered.

Hats formerly $2.50, all Sizes and Styles, now

$1.50!

W. J. JEFFREE,
The Golden Rule Clothing Store,
Corner Yates and Douglas Streets.

The B. C. Poultry and Commission Company!

Are now prepared to supply the public at lowest prices with a choice stock of TURKEYS, GEESE, DUCKS AND CHICKENS. All poultry killed and dressed to order and delivered free of charge to any part of the city on the shortest notice. Note the address:

B. C. POULTRY AND COMMISSION CO., 22 1-2 Pandora Street, corner of Broad and Cormorant street. Opposite City Market. nov9-3m

Wait a Minute!

.....Run your eye down this ad.....

Have

You realized that it is time to begin thinking about Xmas Cards and Booklets? You must have at least

One

Friend in one of the distant countries

With

Whom you should exchange greetings at this season. Come and see

Me!

....Stock in this line never was better....

Jamieson,
NEXT TO POSTOFFICE

ELECTION POSSIBILITIES,

The Dominion Government May be Guided by Quebec West and Vercheres.

Inquiry Into Northwest Freight Rates—Quarrels in the Cabinet.

From our own correspondent.

Ottawa, Nov. 11.—The appointment of a commission to inquire into the freight rates of the Canadian Pacific railway and the opening of tenders—so-called—for the construction of the Pacific cable were the two principal events in political circles last week. Two officials of the Intercolonial railway and two officials of the department of the interior have been appointed to make a departmental investigation into the question of freight rates. The inquiry will be conducted under the charge of the railway department. As government officials, of course they will obey the behests of the government. It will give an excuse for the administration not doing anything until the commission has reported, and the report will be made whenever the government says so.

As to the tenders for the Pacific cable, in the first place it has never been decided to construct the Pacific cable. What the government has asked for is an estimated cost of the cable providing that a decision to construct it was arrived at. Without the assistance of the British government there will be no cable, and so far the British government has not consented to give any assistance. Canada is, of course, desirous for the cable, and every one will be delighted to see it laid, but it is just as well to understand what is meant when it is said that so many tenders have been received for the construction of the cable. The figures have not been given to the public, but of the six parties who have tendered all reside in London, England.

The ministers are at present making a political tour of the Maritime Provinces. They spoke at Moncton, N. B., on Tuesday last, and the minister of public works was profuse in his promises to the people there as well as elsewhere of new public works. Moncton is going to have a dry dock. Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper and Controller Wallace are along with Mr. Ouimet. Besides the ministers there are Deputy Speaker Bergeron and two or three French members on the tour. Hon. John Costigan, although he represents the province in the cabinet, refused to accompany them. He is on a hunting trip in his own constituency in the province, and yet he would not go along with his colleagues to Moncton. His friends do not hesitate to give the reason. They say that he would not be seen on the same platform as Clarke Wallace. Mr. Wallace made a fifth of November speech at St. John on Monday night and joined the ministers on Tuesday. Mr. Costigan's friends say that Mr. Ouimet may go along with Mr. Wallace making Orange speeches, but Mr. Costigan will not do so. Mr. Ouimet tried to settle the trouble between Mr. Costigan and Mr. Wallace before they left here. He could not do so, and then to make up for the loss of Mr. Costigan he took three French speakers along with him. This gave annoyance to Sir Charles Tupper, who complained that he and Wallace would have to be sandwiched between four French speakers. This, he contended, was preposterous in an English province. At any rate, the quarrel goes briskly on, while Mr. Costigan reports that he has had good sport in the field with his gun. More yet will be heard of the row, for Clarke Wallace's friends in the west say they will get even with Mr. Costigan.

Before Sir John Thompson left for England it was decided that there would be elections in Quebec West and in Vercheres during his absence. If the government were defeated in both constituencies, then it would be said that this was partly due to Sir John not being here, not that his presence or absence would make any difference. It will be remembered that Quebec West has been vacant ever since the death of Hon. John Hearn, about the middle of last session, and Vercheres became vacant shortly after the session was over by the death of Mr. Geoffrion, an old time Liberal. Mr. Hearn was a Conservative. In Quebec West Mr. Thomas McGreevy put in an appearance, and the government of necessity must oppose him. They have been unable to get a candidate to do so successfully. As a consequence there has been negotiation after negotiation, but McGreevy cannot be got rid of. In Vercheres the same trouble of getting a good candidate confronts the government. On the Liberal side Mr. C. A. Geoffrion, Q. C., has promised to run, and if he does so he will be certain of election. This is the Mr. Geoffrion who conducted the inquiry for Mr. Tarte into the boodling transactions of the session of 1891. He is one of the ablest lawyers in the Dominion, a sound Liberal and an extremely popular man. But, as I was saying, it was decided to hold the elections in those two constituencies during the absence of the premier. The arrangements were all made by Sir Adolphe Caron, so that, if nothing further happens, we will have within the next couple of weeks or more, two elections on hand.

If these elections turn out safe for the government, then the programme is to have the general elections in March, or as soon as it is possible to have it after the lists are revised. The premier is anxious to have this idea carried out, but with the whole of the Conservatives in the house opposed to it, those who know Sir John best do not believe that he will be able to carry out his wishes in this instance. However, time alone will tell. The result cannot be long delayed, for before twelve months are over it will be known all over the Dominion that the present corrupt administration is routed as badly as was the Tammany gang the other day in New York. After all, there is a strong resemblance between the members of the Canadian government and the Tammanyites. Take the "What are you going to do about it?" of Boss Tweed and "I would do the same again," of Sir Adolphe Caron when called to task about the $25,000 of the Lake St. John railway subsidy. No; Canadians have no just cause to throw stones at Tammany until the Augean stable at Ottawa is cleaned out.

I was speaking to Sir Adolphe Caron shortly after he had received the news of the strike among the post office employes in Victoria. He seemed anxious then to get the matter fixed up, and about as good as admitted that the clerks and letter carriers should get the extra allowance. But there was a meeting of the cabinet that afternoon, and after it was over the cabinet decided that a handful of clerks, backed up by Lieut.-Colonel Prior and Mr. Earle, were not going to boss them. The members and the clerks would have to be taught a lesson, but after all the members were said to be worse than the clerks, and in consequence of this the order was given to have them suspended. Then something less than this was done to Mr. Robillard, M. P., of Ottawa, he resigned, and refused to withdraw his resignation until an apology was forthcoming from the minister concerned. He holds that apology to-day in his breast pocket. SLABTOWN.

ROSEBERY WITHDRAWS.

His Censure of the Press a Slip of the Tongue.

London, Nov. 19.—Lord Rosebery has withdrawn his words censuring the press in general and for the publication of the political situation at one time in New Zealand in particular. The Times pointed out that the comments of the papers were based upon official records and requested Lord Rosebery to withdraw his words. The premier does so in this language:

"I regret that the words used included a contradiction of the statement that New Zealand had wished or intended to administer the government of Samoa. My word 'wish' I readily admit was a slip. As regards the word 'intention' it cannot be alleged that New Zealand had any intention to administer the government of Samoa, for any such proceeding would have been contrary to the treaty engagement of the imperial government."

WERE MARIE ANTOINETTE'S

Historical Documents Offered to the Queen of England?

Diamonds, the most brilliant and most durable of precious stones, have often a history dating back many centuries. When such is the case the value of the stone is immeasurably increased. It is therefore not astonishing that false legends should be invented with the object of passing off one diamond for another which may have a history attached to it. It will be remembered that recently the Queen of England was offered two pendants which, it was said, had belonged to Marie Antoinette. The stones were of the finest water, but they derived their principal value from their historical association. German Bapst, the author of the "Histoire des Joyaux de la Couronne de France," a classic work on that subject, having been consulted on the historical authenticity of these two brilliants, was able to reply by giving the exact drawing and the weight of the stones in question, which Louis XVI. gave to Marie Antoinette on his accession to the throne. The historian adds: "Marie Antoinette was not fond of jewels, and she never had another pair of diamond earrings." The brilliants offered to her majesty answer in every respect the description given by M. Bapst, who vouches for their historical origin. He adds that Marie Antoinette must doubtless, during the revolution, have confided them to some faithful friend with the object of selling them, but nothing positively is known on that point. All the documents concerning the jewels belonging to the unfortunate queen were in 1815 taken from the national archives and destroyed.

If in this case the diamonds in question are really historical it has often happened that other precious stones have been passed off as having a history when in reality they had none. On the occasion of the sale of the crown diamonds in France the administration itself made blunders concerning the history of some of the stones it sold at auction. For instance, it described a superb diamond as the "Mirror of Portugal." Now the real "Mirror of Portugal" once belonged to the crown of England. It is a beautiful stone, which had been the property of the kings of Portugal in the time of their splendor. At the end of the sixteenth century the pretender, Don Antonio, gave it in pledge to Queen Elizabeth, and it remained among the jewels of the English crown until the death of Charles I., when Queen Henrietta of France, seeking support on the continent, took it with ther. Being short of money and persecuted by her creditors, she sold it to Cardinal Mazarin, who, by his will, left it to the crown of France. It was stolen during the revolution, and has never been heard of since. The stone which was put up for auction as that historical diamond had in 1810 been purchased from the grandfather of Germain Bapst, who, the very evening it was knocked down as "the Mirror of Portugal," explained the mistake which had been made in a letter published by all the French journals. Mrs. Gal, a rich American lady, who had bought it for one hundred and fifty thousand francs, sent it back the next morning to the administration, which could not do otherwise than return her the money.

About a year ago the German newspapers, speaking of a reception held by the empress, said that her imperial majesty wore a magnificent diamond with which Napoleon formerly ornamented his hat and which the Prussian hussars had found at Waterloo in the berlin of the emperor of the French. Being, as usual, questioned with regard to the authenticity of this diamond, Germain Bapst replied that it was true the Fifteenth Prussian fusiliers, commanded by Gneisenau in person, captured druing the night of June 18, 1815, the travelling carriage of Napoleon I., but there was no diamond in it. Napoleon never wore a diamond while campaigning. Moreover, on the reception of the news of his return from Elba Louis XIII. had all the regalia of France sent to England, where it was at the time of the battle of Waterloo. It is, nevertheless, a fact that Napoleon wore in his hat on ceremonial occasions a superb diamond, which was preserved until 1887, when it was disposed of by auction among the other crown jewels of France. It was purchased by Mme. Schneidder, the wife of the well known director of the Creusot iron works. That diamond was indeed much talked of about two years ago. Mme. Schneidder had lost it going to the opera. The police sought it everywhere, and the journals announced its loss. A few days later a street sweeper found it in the gutter and carried it to Mme. Schneidder. This stone had been knocked down to her at the sale for 152,000 francs.—Chicago Times.

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Mother Urged Me

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Daily, except Sunday, between Spokane and Marcus.

7.00 a.m Lv....SPOKANE....Ar. 5.30 p.m.

Commencing January 8, on Wednesdays and Saturdays trains will run through, arriving at Nelson at 5:40 p.m., making close connection with the steamer Nelson for Kaslo and all lake points, arriving at Kaslo at 9:00 p.m. same days. Returning passengers will leave lake points and Nelson on Tuesdays and Fridays, arriving at Spokane at 5:30 p.m. same days.

TRANSPORTATION.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 24,

Taking effect Sept. 1st, 1894.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going east Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13:15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Sidney, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st, 10th and 20th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 16th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification. JOHN IRVING, Manager.

G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.

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TO

St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Fargo, Grand Forks Cookston, Winnipeg, Helena and Butte.

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To Chicago, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and All Points East and South.

TIME SCHEDULE.

SPEED	Victoria Route.					TONNAGE
18 knots	S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON."					1347
8 30 pm	Lv	pm 1	...	*Victoria...	110 Ar	4 30 pm
11 45 pm	Lv	36	Pt.	Townsend	72 Lv	1 30 pm
3 00 am	Lv	82	...	Seattle...	28 Lv	10 15 am
4 45 am	Ar	110	...	*Tacoma...	80 Lv	8 00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

* Daily except Monday.

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Freight and Passenger Agent, Victoria, B.C.

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Great Northern Railway

THE BUFFET LINE.

Passengers for Chicago can take sleeping car at Seattle through without change. Passengers leave Victoria daily at 7:30 a.m. for Spokane, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Winnipeg, Milwaukee, St. Louis and the east, running Buffet Cars, with bathroom, barber shop, easy chairs, observation windows, library, writing and card tables, smoking rooms, etc., and Palace Sleeping and Dining Cars, Family Tourist Sleepers, and First and Second Class Coaches.

Direct connections made at Wenatchee with steamers to and from Lake Chelan and the Okanagan country. At Bonner's Ferry with steamers from Kaslo, Ainsworth, Nelson and other points in the Kootenay mining district. At Jennings with steamer for Fort Steele. At Shelby Junction and Havre for Great Falls, Helena and Butte.

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Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agt.,
St. Paul, Minnesota.

TRANSPORTATION.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 21.

To take effect at 8:00 a.m. on Thursday, November 1, 1894.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

NORTH BOUND READ DOWN.	No. 3 Passenger Daily.	No. 1 Passenger Saturday.	Miles from Victoria.	STATIONS.	SOUTH BOUND. READ UP.	No. 1 Passenger Daily.	No. 3 Passenger Saturday.	Miles from Wellington.
	Lv.	Lv.				Ar.	Ar.	
	8 00 A M	2 10 P M		VICTORIA		12 30 P M	5 30 P M	
	8 24	2 34	2	BURNSIDE		12 06	5 06	2
	8 34	2 44	3	GORGE		11 56	4 56	3
	8 44	2 54	4	SUTHERLAND		11 46	4 46	4
	8 54	3 04	5	HILLSIDE		11 36	4 36	5
	9 04	3 14	6	QUADRA		11 26	4 26	6
	9 14	3 24	7	MOSS STREET		11 16	4 16	7
	9 24	3 34	8	FAIRFIELD		11 06	4 06	8
	9 34	3 44	9	CLOVERDALE		10 56	3 56	9
	9 44	3 54	10	WHITTIER		10 46	3 46	10
	9 54	4 04	11	FAIRVILLE		10 36	3 36	11
	10 04	4 14	12	CHEMAINUS		10 26	3 26	12
	10 24	4 34	14	OSTER BAY		10 06	3 06	14
	10 34	4 44	15	DUNCANS		9 56	2 56	15
	10 44	4 54	16	KOKSILAH		9 46	2 46	16
	10 54	5 04	17	GLENORA		9 36	2 36	17
	11 04	5 14	18	COBBLE HILL		9 26	2 26	18
	11 14	5 24	19	SOMENOS		9 16	2 16	19
	11 24	5 34	20	SHAWNIGAN LAKE		9 06	2 06	20
	11 34	5 44	21	SUMMIT SIDING		8 56	1 56	21
	11 44	5 54	22	GOLDSTREAM		8 46	1 46	22
	11 54	6 04	23	ESQUIMALT		8 36	1 36	23
	12 04 P M	6 14 P M	24	RUSSELLS		8 26	1 26	24
	12 14	6 24	25	OLYMPIA		8 16	1 16	25
	12 24	6 34	26	COMOX		8 06	1 06	26
	12 34	6 44	27	WELLINGTON		7 56	1 56	27
	12 44	6 54	28	NANAIMO		7 46	1 46	28
	12 54	7 04	29	NORTHFIELD		7 36	1 36	29
	1 04	7 14	30	CEDAR		7 26	1 26	30
	1 14	7 24	31	WELLINGTON		7 16	1 16	31
	1 24	7 34	32	DIAMOND		7 06	1 06	32
	1 34	7 44	33	EXTENSION		6 56	1 56	33
	1 44	7 54	34	CHASE RIVER		6 46	1 46	34
	1 54	8 04	35	SOUTH WELLINGTON		6 36	1 36	35
	2 04	8 14	36	NANAIMO		6 26	1 26	36
	2 14 P M	8 24 P M	37	NORTH NANAIMO		6 16 A M	1 16 P M	37
	Ar.	Ar.				Lv.	Lv.	

On Saturday and Sunday.

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter good for return not later than Monday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

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ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY

STEAMER

JOAN

J. R. BUTLER, Master.

On and after March 22nd, 1893,

Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:

Calling at Way Ports on freight and Passengers may offer:

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Leave for Nanaimo..... Friday, 7 a.m.
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W. C. T. U. CONVENTION.

Annual Address of Miss Francis Willard President of the White Ribboners.

Advancement of the Cause of Temperance in All the Civilized Countries.

Cleveland, O., Nov. 19.—Bright and early this morning the delegates to the twenty-first annual convention of the Women's Christian Temperance union resumed their labors. Reports concerning the condition of the national temperance hospital, the temperance temple in Chicago and the publishing auxiliary were made by Mrs. Mary E. Cline and Mrs. Matilda B. Carse, and showed that each enterprise was in a decidedly satisfactory condition. Verbal reports were then made by the state organizers in the following order: Mrs. Helen L. Bullock and Mrs. L. H. Washington for New York; Miss Frances E. Griffin for Illinois; Mrs. Mary Byron Reese for Washington; Mrs. Emily Pitt Stevens and Mrs. E. A. Blair for California; Mrs. Maud L. Green for Colorado; Mrs. E. Norinne Law for Michigan and Miss Belle Kearney for Michigan. Incidentally some of the speakers strongly endorsed Miss Willard's declaration that the boys' brigade, in so far as it fosters the military spirit and encourages the bearing of weapons, is a retrogressive movement and should not be encouraged by members of the union. A supplementary report presented by Miss Willard was also strongly endorsed. It read as follows:

"A law is pending in Great Britain which ought to be duplicated here by which industrial homes for the alcoholites are to be established by the government. We are rapidly approaching the time when drunkenness will no longer be tolerated, for it is becoming understood that the danger involved in harboring the drunkard in the home is as great as if he were a lunatic. The state must relieve the home of the intolerable bondage, must relieve the drunkard from the overmastering temptation and set him to work to earn his own living. Every state W. C. T. U. is urged to petition the legislature for an appropriation to this end."

This afternoon's session was devoted to a reception to Hon. Neal Dow of Maine, the venerable father of prohibition, and who, despite his age, delivered a vigorous address.

When the prolonged applause that greeted the introduction as president of the famous White Ribboner had subsided, Miss Willard congratulated the immense audience upon the fact that the organization had reached its twenty-first birthday and had lived out its eager youth, so that it stood on the threshold of mature womanhood. At the convention in Cleveland twenty years ago but half a dozen state unions were represented. To-day there are more than fifty and the national union has extended to forty-nine nations and provinces. The speaker then proceeded with an elaborate review of the progress of temperance, labor, woman's and purity movements on this continent in the last two decades.

"The habit of total abstinence is now thoroughly respected everywhere," she said. "The effects of the use of alcoholics and tobacco are being systematically taught from the standpoint of science to the children in the public schools of all the fifty states and territories except five. Prohibition has gained ground in several northern states and throughout the south by means of local option; the recent plebiscites in Canada prove the growth of a strong sentiment in favor of a prohibition law; in Great Britain the prevaling sentiment is that the question of license or no license should be placed in the hands of the people; and in New Zealand, Colorado and Kansas, where women have the ballot, the effect of their influence has been strongly detrimental to the legal as well as the social position of the saloon. The age of consent has been raised in English speaking countries until its average is now sixteen instead of ten. Forty years ago there were but forty employments open to women; now hardly as many are closed. The wage workers are thoroughly organized; the principle of a living wage has been established—a living wage being the sum necessary to maintain an average man with an average family in an average state of civilized comfort, and should be the basis of that "cost of production" beyond which lies the margin on which capital depends; and the New Testament has become the foremost text book of the new political economy. The prayer of the Crusade has become the plan of many of the ablest patriots of the land. Protestantism has forged forward towards prohibition; the Christian voter is less purblind, and begins to see that the paramount duty of the hour is that every man must feel that he should be a good citizen in order to be a good Christian. The pope's representative in this country has endorsed the right of any bishop to exclude from the sacraments those who belong to the liquor dealers' camp. Prohibition by law, by politics, by woman's ballot is the watchword of the temperance army of all nations.

The aggregated and systematic self-respect of women is making itself felt against the debasing exhibitions of her form, whether pictured or real, before audiences of immoral men. The victory gained by Mrs. Henry Somerset, Mrs. Ormiston Chant and other White Ribbon women in bringing evidence to the London county council which caused it by a vote of 75 to 32 to refuse liquor and promenade hall licenses, so that prominent places of amusement in London are closed, is perhaps the strongest proof that a better day has dawned and deserves to rank beside the victory of women in Kentucky over the perjured Breckinridge and of women in New York over the tiger of Tammany.

"I strongly urge that a committee be appointed by the convention to ascertain in how many capitol buildings in the different states strong drink is sold to our legislators either covertly or openly," said Miss Willard, and the audience cheered to the echo. "I support the appointment of a cabinet minister to supervise public amusements, and of committees in every locality, among whom women should have a place, to consider the best method of catering to the people in their recreation hours, so that the whole amusement question would be lifted to the plane of reason and ethics as well as art." Again there was loud cheering.

Miss Willard continued: "I have not turned Populist, though I hope that Populists and prohibitionists may be agreed and walk together before long. I am a teetotaler and expect to remain one always. I am opposed to lynching at any time and in any place, and whether the person lynched is black, brown or white, I believe his taking off to be a crime against nature and against God. It is my earnest desire and purpose to extend the work of organizing local W. C. T. unions in the South. I am not a Unitarian, but a loyal Methodist, and so far as favoring a union of church and state, as has been said.

"I have hardly made a speech in 20 years in which this statement of my views does not occur: Christ shall yet reign in custom and in law, not ecclesiastically, but spiritually; not in form but in fact; not in substance but in essence. And the organized love of the White Ribbon women seeks to bring that day; for we believe that only the Golden Rule can bring the Golden Age." It was maintained that the call for compulsory arbitration resulting from the Pullman strike will, if it is but heeded, be worth to this country all that the strike cost us financially an in every other way. Peace and arbitration are the watchwords of the White Ribbon movement. The world's C. T. U. numbers a half million members. The Polyglot Petition in signatures and endorsements aggregates four million names. The petition will be conveyed to the different governments of the world by the commission appointed for that purpose in 1895. The position taken by the labor unions in deploring the disposition of those in authority to increase and centralize the number of state and federal troops, to multiply costly and mediæval fortresses, thereby making more heavy the burden of taxation, which at the last must be borne by the producing classes, was heartily endorsed; and the declaration made by the W. C. T. U. has no fear of the working classes in this country but believes that they are the bone and sinew of the nation and will seek to better their condition only by means of arbitration and the ballot box. The recent strikers themselves have frankly admitted that they made a mistake. As John Burns says: "We must revolutionize by reform; not seek to reform by revolution." We make a great ado about the anarchists, but the public house is the headquarters of the anarchists and alcohol is the world's dynamite. It is a curious fact that three-fifths of all the railway tickets sold in the world are bought by English-speaking people, and it is well that the railway speed of progress takes its direction from the nation most under the influence of Christianity; the nations who hold the principle that everybody rules better than anybody and that the Golden Rule must supercede the rule of gold.

"It is probable that we have not in this country a more skillful specialist on the labor question than Mrs. Josephine Shaw Lowell of New York, chairman of Dr. Parkhurst's committee of women. She believes there is no remedy to be found for the workers except organized unity of action, and that labor and capital must combine in adjusting their difficulties. Boards of conciliation and arbitration will, she thinks, supply the missing link for which we have looked so long. When employer and employed meet for the purpose of conciliation they must be on an equal footing, must be represented in equal numbers and the same weight must be attached to the opinions of both parties. Let me add to her statement that women ought to be on all the boards. They have a talent for diplomacy that amounts to genius, and the loss of it from public affairs is the greatest loss under which labor suffers to-day. The practical method of relieving the labor market from the competition of women is to make their wages the same as the wages of men.

"Half methods blur the straight line of ethical perception and set back movements that can only be carried to success by out-and-out methods. The W. C. T. U. is the old guard that never surrenders. It is not beguiled by high license or tax; by the Iowa mulct law or the South Carolina dispensary; by the non-partisan nor the Scandinavian system. Any or all of these may serve the turn of politicians or dim the vision of well meaning but non-expert workers; but we have learned by the logic of defeat and the argument of experience what not to do, which is a lesson no less important than what to do. It is idle to talk of personal liberty; the day has long gone by when that slogan could rally a corporal's guard among the intelligent and thoughtful. The trend of socialistic thought, which makes the good of the community the prime factor in government, has so far outranked the unbridled action of the individual that in England no one is allowed to build a wooden house; nay, is such permission granted in this country within the fire limits of our big cities. In Germany to cut down a tree is an offence against the state; permission must first be secured because of the value of the trees as a whole is greater to the people than the interest of any one person in any one tree. In France so strong is the sense of beauty that no one is allowed to make an alteration in his house till the plan has been passed upon by the authorities appointed by the city. It is of more importance that Paris as a whole should be beautified than that the personal whim of any one person concerning the sort of door or window that he prefers should be considered. On the principle that every member of the social compact must be protected from possible injury by any member is based the rationale of every law on any statute book."

Miss Willard concluded an address of nearly two hours' duration with a resume concerning the present position of the organization. She said that it had made a better showing in its aggregate membership and in the gifts received this year than the last, a remarkable token of the vitality of the movement in a period of unequalled financial depression. "God speed," she said, "the future of the movement."

A Great Battle

Is continually going on in the human system. The demon of impure blood strives to gain the victory over the constitution, to ruin health, to drag the victim to the grave. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the weapon with which to defend one's self, drive the desperate enemy from the field, and restore bodily health for many years.

HOOD'S PILLS cure nausea, sickness, indigestion and biliousness. 25c.

Duke of Cambridge 15 years old Scotch Whisky is the delight of all connoisseurs.

How to Get a "Sunlight" Picture.

Send 25 "Sunlight" Soap wrappers (wrappers bearing the words "Why does a Woman Look Older Sooner Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your home. The soap is the best in the market, and will only cost 1c. postage to send in wrappers, if you leave the end open. Write your address carefully.

RUPTURE More CURES have been effected by my Truss, with perfect ease to wearer, than by all other devices combined. They retain largest Rupture under severest strain. A system of fitting has been perfected the last 20 years, fully equal to personal examination by mail. 97 patents to overcome DEFORMITY. Ill. book free. CHARLES CLUTHE, 194 King St. W., Toronto.

To The Public.

Having purchased from Mr. S. F. McIntosh his coal and wood business, I am prepared to deliver to any part of the city.

No. 1 Dry Cordwood $3.50 per cord.
Best Wellington Coal at $7 per ton.

Terms, Spot Cash. Prompt and careful delivery. Full weight and measure guaranteed.

The above will be carried on in connection with my present business at the Rock Bay Lumber Yard, which will be known in future as the ROCK BAY COAL, WOOD AND LUMBER YARD.

Soliciting a share of your esteemed patronage, I remain, yours faithfully,

EWEN MORRISON.

Office and yard, end of Rock Bay Bridge. Mills, Sidney, B.C. Telephone 502. nov6-tf

EDUCATIONAL.

VICTORIA COLLEGE,

BEACON HILL PARK.

(LATE CORRIG COLLEGE.)

The Leading Day and Boarding College for Boys north of San Francisco. Modern and fully equipped college buildings, fronting on the Park and Straits.

First-class Teaching Faculty—British University Graduates, University, Professional Commercial and Modern Courses.

Reasonable fees. Cricket, football, swimming, athletics, etc. For spring term entrance apply

PRINCIPAL J. W. CHURCH, M.A.

fel3 s,m,t&w 1y)

Autumn term begins MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 10th, 1894.

MUNICIPAL.

Municipal Elections, 1895.

HOUSEHOLDERS' QUALIFICATION.

All persons wishing to qualify, under the above qualification, as voters for the ensuing municipal elections for the year 1895, in accordance with clause B of section 37 of the Municipal Amendment Act, 1894, can do so by calling at the assessor's office, City Hall, and making the necessary declaration on or before the 30th day of November instant.

WM. W. NORTHCOTT,
Assessor.

City Hall, Victoria, B.C., November, 1894.

NOTICE.

Fort street, between Douglas and Blanchard is closed to public traffic. By order

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

Tuesday, October 23, 1894.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Government Street, between Fort and Yates, and Yates Street between Government and Broad, are closed to public traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

Victoria, B. C., August 27th, 1894.

NOTICE.

Herald Street between Government and Douglas Streets is closed to public traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

October 2nd—tf.

NOTICE.

Douglas Street, from Pembroke Street to King's Road, is closed to public traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

oc8-tf

NOTICE.

Yates street from Langley to Wharf is closed to traffic till further notice.

By order.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

oc9-tf

NOTICE.

Bastion Street, from Langley to Wharf, is closed to traffic till further notice.

By order,

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

oc9-tf

NOTICE.

Langley Street, from Courtney to Yates Street, is closed to public traffic till further notice.

By order,

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

Victoria, October 15th, 1894.

NOTICE.

Courtney Street, from Wharf to Langley Street, is closed to public traffic till further notice.

By order.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

Victoria, October 15th, 1894.

NOTICE.

In addition to my Agency for WELLS FARGO & CO., I am now prepared to receive Express matter of every description for transmission daily to SEATTLE, TACOMA, SPOKANE, ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS and other points in connection with the GREAT NORTHERN COMPANY.

MONEY ORDERS issued payable at 15,000 cities and special facilities for the payment of MONEY BY TELEGRAPH.

GOLD DUST and BARS purchased.

AGENCY of the Canton Insurance Office (Marine) of Hongkong.

F. H. WORLOCK,
Agent for Wells, Fargo & Co,
18 Trounce Avenue. fo4

GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION

A SUCCESSFUL MEDICINE OF 20 YEARS' TEST. Has cured thousands of cases of Nervous Prostration, Weakness of Brain, Poor Memory, Dizziness and all disease caused by ignorance in youth. Six boxes are guaranteed to cure when all other medicines fail. One box $1.00, six boxes $5.00. Manufactured by KUREMA CHEMICAL CO., Detroit, Mich. Sold and sent anywhere by mail in LANGLEY & CO. Victoria B.C. Before. After. aug27

LEGAL NOTICES.

Land Registry Act.

Part (25x70 feet) of lot 162 Victoria City.—A certificate of Indefeasible Title to the above Hereditaments will be issued to Anna Pittock on the 19th day of January, 1895, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to me in writing by some person claiming an estate or interest therein or in some part thereof.

S. Y. WOOTTON,
Deputy Registrar General.

Land Registry Office, Victoria, B. C. 15th October, 1894. oct15-td

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria at its next sitting for a transfer to Thomas Potter of the license now held by the undersigned to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Lion Brewery Saloon, situate at the corner of Chambers street and Queen's avenue, in the City of Victoria.

W. MONTEITH,
Official Administrator,
Administering the estate of Geo. Fairbrother, deceased, intestate. o31-1m

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the city of Victoria at its next sitting by George Meldram for a transfer of the license to sell spirituous or fermented liquors in and upon the premises known as the Clarence Hotel, on Yates street, in the city of Victoria, from James Wishart and G. G. Meldram to said G. G. Meldram.

Dated this 15th day of September, A.D. 1894.

JAMES WISHART,
GEORGE G. MELDRAM.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the city of Victoria at its next sitting for a transfer to Carlo Bossi of the license now held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Osborne House, situated at the corner of Pandora and Blanchard streets, in the city of Victoria.

WILLIAM RAINES.

Victoria, B. C., November 7th, 1894

NOTICE.

Is hereby given that it is my intention to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria at its setting to be held in the month of December next for a transfer to Jean Coigdarripe of the license now held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Colonist Hotel, situate at the corner of Beacon Hill Park and Simcoe street in the city of Victoria.

Dated this 24th day of August, 1894.

n7-1m CHAS. MURISET.

NOTICE.

Is hereby given that it is my intention to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the city of Victoria at its next sitting to be held in December for a transfer to John P. Schmidt of the license now held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail on the premises known as the Nickle Plate Saloon at No. 85 Government street, Victoria.

Victoria, November 12th, 1894.

THOMAS GARVIN.

NOTICE.

Is hereby given that it is my intention to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the city of Victoria at its setting to be held in the month of December next for a transfer to Henry Harris of the license now held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Colonist Hotel, situate at the corner of Beacon Hill Park and Simcoe street, in the city of Victoria.

Dated this 1st day of October, 1894.

n7-1m J. COIGDARRIPE.

FINAL NOTICE.

Re Estate William H. Paine, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given that all creditors and persons having any claims against the estate are hereby required to send in the particulars thereof to the undersigned on or before the 5th day of December, next; and notice is hereby given that after that day the executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have notice, and that he will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person of whose debt or claim he shall not then have had notice.

Dated at Victoria this 5th day of November, 1894.

S. PERRY MILLS,
46 Langley Street.

Solicitor for John Graham Cox, the executor.

NOTICE.

Re Estate of Peter Gerard, Deceased.

All persons having claims against Peter Gerard, late of the city of Victoria, deceased, are hereby required to send or deliver to the undersigned full particulars of their claims on or before the 7th day of December, 1894, after which date the executors will distribute the assets of the testator, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have had notice.

H. G. HALL,
12 Bastion Square, Victoria,
Solicitor for the Executors.

Victoria, B.C., Nov. 7th, 1894. n7-1m

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

GRANTED A DIVORCE.

The Wife of Francis Bourchier Given a Decree of Separation by the Court.

Hearing of Evidence in Support of the Petition—Bourchier's Experience.

There was heard in the supreme court this morning before Mr. Justice Drake the petition of Clara A. Bourchier Bees, for divorce from her husband, Sydney Francis Bees, popularly known in Victoria as Francis Bourchier.

Mr. R. T. Elliott appeared for the petitioner and the respondent was not represented.

Mrs. Bourchier was the first witness. She testified that her maiden name was Chilcott, and that she was married to respondent near Bristol, England. At the time of their marriage her husband was a wine merchant. They came to this province in 1885, where her husband went into the real estate business under the name of Bourchier. They lived together here until the spring of 1892, when the respondent moved into a handsome residence on Rocklands avenue, the rental of which was $65 per month. Shortly afterwards he persuaded her to go to Banff for her health, whither she left on the 5th of June. After staying there two weeks she returned and found that her husband during her absence had taken Bertha Genn to their house and that he was then living at Cadboro bay with her in a tent. She drove out to the tent and found them there. This was some time during July, 1892. Since then she and her husband have not cohabited and he has contributed nothing towards her support, and the only communications that have passed between them have been requests from him to her for money.

Captain McCallum was the next witness. He knew the respondent and saw him in Vancouver in the autumn of 1892. They came down from Vancouver together on the same steamer. Miss Genn accompanied Bourchier, and they occupied the same room. He produced a letter, dated 15th January, 1894, from the respondent, written from the jail in Poughkeepsie, New York, announcing the birth to Miss Genn of a baby girl, and stating that the one bright spot in his life was the fact that they allowed the little girl and the baby to stay in jail with him. He further stated that he was jailed for six months on a $36 hotel bill, but that he would be released if he could get a certificate from some responsible man that he (Bourchier) was once a useful member of society, and he asked the captain to send him such a letter, and to say also that he was once a member of the council of the Victoria board of trade. He said he had written Mr. W. H. Ellis to send him "Victoria Illustrated," as he thought the sight of himself surrounded by photos of Victoria's leading business men would have great weight with the authorities. In Vancouver the respondent said that he was bound to stick to the little girl—meaning Miss Genn. Since the date of the Poughkeepsie letter nothing had been heard of Bourchier.

One witness testified to seeing Bourchier in Portland in 1892 or the beginning of 1893. Bourchier said he was married to Miss Genn and they were then living together there.

Edward Walter, a farmer of Salt Spring island, knew both petitioner and respondent in England. He afterwards knew them here, and identified Bourchier as Sydney Francis Bees, of England.

Another witness told of respondent and Miss Genn occupying the same tent at Cadboro bay. This ended the evidence, and his lordship said that adultery and desertion for over two years had been established, and granted a decree nisi for divorce. He reserved leave to move in respect of settled and respective estate as counsel may be advised.

At the expiration of six months from to-day Mrs. Buorchier will get an absolute divorce.

THE EASTERN WAR.

An American Officer's Opinion of the Japs as Fighters.

Provincetown, Mass., Nov. 19.—An officer of the United States ship Concord, writing from Chemulpo, Corea, October 7th, to a friend here says: "The Japanese are splendid soldiers, well drilled and fight like tigers, showing no quarter to the Chinamen. In the battle of September 17th 15,000 Chinese were killed and only 3,000 were lost by the Japanese. For quick work and skilled engineering the Japanese excel any men I ever saw. Everything with them goes like clock work. They laid pontoons across the river and marched over a body of troops consisting of 20,000 men with heavy guns and artilley, and had everything completed in a little over two hours. They are landing troops here every day and marching them on towards Pekin, and I should not be surprised if before this letter reaches you they have captured the city. On September 27th they captured a place and $300,000 with it, and the reports are that they killed every Chinaman in the place. They are fighters from Fighterville, and if no foreign nations interfere or if China does not come down on her knees soon and surrender on such terms as the Japanese see fit to make, they will wipe the Chinese off the face of the earth. No matter if they have got millions and millions of men in China, they are no fighters, and the Japanese are. The Japanese are an aggressive nation. They have all the latest improvements in warfare and know how to use them with effect, while John Chinaman is no farther advanced than he was in A. D. 1. Just think of fighting with bows and arrows by any nation at the close of the nineteenth century."

THE GANNON ASSAULT CASE.

Did Constable Smith Stand by and Watch the Fight?

The assault cases growing out of the trouble at the outer wharf when the steamship Umatilla left for California last Wednesday night were taken up in police court this morning. The prosecution are making an effort to prove that Officer John Smith not only did not do his duty, but knew all about the plans of Tommy Gannon to assault Maynard H. Cowan. Their claim is that Gannon thought Cowan was going away and Smith was to be used to arrest him. Gannon was arraigned first and pleaded not guilty. He was not represented, and George E. Powell appeared for the prosecution. Mr. Cowan and Night Watchman Melrose of the outer wharf were both examined at the morning session. Both testified to Gannon seizing the prosecutor by the shoulders from behind and throwing him to the ground, and to the vile language used by him. Both saw Officer Smith there and swore that he did not interfere. Cowan said Smith smiled as if it were all a joke. Cowan said he would have been backward about accepting the protection of Smith, as he had reason to believe he was in the conspiracy. At noon the prosecution announced that there was one more witness for their side and the case was adjourned until three o'clock.

The Gannon case was resumed this afternoon at 3 o'clock and Frank Nelson was called. He swore that he heard Gannon say on the day following the assault that it was all a put-up job to keep Cowan here.

Officer Smith was then called. He admitted having a conversation with Gannon on the afternoon before the assault and telling him if there was a fight both would be arrested. Dalgarno, one of the defendants, came to his house that evening and he, Dalgarno and Gannon went to the wharf in a carriage. He had previously spoken to Chief Sheppard about the matter. He did not see Cowan thrown, but saw him get up. He saw Eddie Cowan strike at Dalgarno, who appeared a sort of "peacemaker." He did not do anything, but waited for someone to strike a blow. Gannon never spoke of trouble with Cowan, he was there to preserve the peace. Mr. Powell was still examining him at 4 o'clock. H. E. A. Courtney appeared for the defense this afternoon.

Brief Locals.

—A special meeting of the school board was held in Secretary Williams' office this afternoon at 4 o'clock.

—In the provincial police court John McDonald was fined $150 or seven months in jail for supplying liquor to Indians.

—The Victoria branch of the Women's Councils of Canada is in session at the city hall to-day. There are nearly 50 ladies present.

—Regular meeting of the council this evening. Ald. Ledingham's proposed municipalities act changes may come up for discussion.

—Ellen Burn, alias French Annie, charged with robbery and discharging a revolver in the city limits, pleaded guilty this afternoon to the latter charge, but there was not time to go into either case. It may be reached later in the day.

—Rev. Thomas Haddon will deliver a lecture in the Indian Methodist church, Herald street, to-morrow evening, and in the Reformed Episcopal church school room on Wednesday evening. He will tell of travels in Palestine and various European countries and will illustrate with magic lantern views.

—The Bishop of Columbia, who was taken seriously ill last week, successfully underwent an operation on Sunday morning. He is so far progressing favorably, according to the bulletin of Dr. Hanington, his medical attendant, issued to-day. His lordship is at his own residence, but can see no visitors.

—Patrick Kelly attempted to break the provincial jail on Sunday, but he made a very bad attempt. Kelly had been arrested by Constable Gilchrist, of the city police force, for supplying liquor to Indians on board the sealing schooner Sapphire, now lying in the harbor. Kelly broke up a chair and forced open an inner screen more used for fancy than utility, when the noise was heard. He could not possibly have succeeded in forcing the iron bars. However, he will have this charge against him. On the liquor charge Kelly was given four months, in the provincial police court this morning. Kelly once broke the city jail and has figured three times in the city police court.

—Cold in the head—Nasal Balm gives instant relief; speedily cures. Never fails.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

COLD BLOODED MASSACRE.

Continued from Page 1.

lying districts Christians have signed. The circulars have not been offered to Protestants, and as yet the Protestants have not been put in chains or blackmailed very much, though lately things are beginning to look very much that way."

Another letter says that some of the regular soldiers themselves admit that they killed 100 persons each in a fiendish manner, and that rape was followed by the bayonet. Twenty or thirty Armenian villages, it would seem, have been wholly destroyed, and some persons were put to death with kerosene in their own houses.

Constantinople, Nov. 18.—The following official account of the Armenian trouble is issued:

"Some Armenian brigands, provided with arms of foreign make, joined an insurgent Kurd tribe for the purpose of committing excesses. They burned and devasted several Mussulman villages. As an instance of the ferocity of the Armenians, it is reported that they burned alive a Mussulman notable. Regular troops were sent to the scene to protect the peaceable inhabitants against these depredations. The Ottoman troops not only protected and respected the submissive portion of the population and the women and children, but they re-established order and tranquility. It is not true that the Kurds seized the furniture, effects and cattle of the fugitive Armenians. The latter took their effects to the mountains before revolting. The Armenian women at present with the Kurds belong to the families of the brigands, and went of their own accord with their husands to the insurgent Kurds. Respecting the villages alleged to have been destroyed, it was the Armenians who carried off all their belongings before becoming brigands."

The Westminster Gazette says: "Nothing but an Arab raid can compare with the brutality in Armenia. In Africa the victims are at least given the chance of slavery. The Porte has carried out none of its promises, and it is time it was brought sternly to book. If it persists in giving a free hand to its governors in Asia Minor and confines itself to sending out transparently false official contradictions it must take the consequences, and the sooner it is told this the better."

Cable News.

London, Nov. 19.—A Tientsin dispatch says that part of the Japanese fleet is cruising between Talien Wan and Port Arthur and the remainder of the squadron is cruising in the Gulf of Pechili watching Wei Hai Wei.

The parliamentary election in Forfarshire, Scotland, on Saturday, resulted in the choice of Ramsay, Conservative, over Robinson, Liberal.

EASTERN CANADA.

An Overdue Steamer—A Civil Service Examination Scandal.

Toronto, Nov. 19.—At the civil service examination held last Wednesday, government detective Wasson, who collects the fees in connection therewith, had a bogus $10 bill passed upon him. A rigid investigation failed to reveal who was the guilty party. This was not the only incident in connection with the examination which required investigation. Both Dr. Thorburn, of Ottawa, who presides over the candidates, and Detective Wasson received anonymous letters that a bold effort would be made at impersonation.

St. Johns, Nfld., Nov. 19.—The S. S. Corean of the Allan line, bound from Liverpool for this port 5 four days overdue and uneasiness is felt for her. Her regular day of arrival was last Wednesday. Even had storms been encountered she should not be more than forty-eight hours behind time. The weather last week in this region has been most unfavorable.

Montreal, Nov. 19.—A report that $30,000 worth of bonds belonging to H. T. Jacobs has been stolen by burglars from the safe in the Theatre Royal is denied. The bonds were removed by Mr. Jacobs to his hotel. The burglars secured about $700 in cash.

DIED.

FLEWIN—In this city on the 19th inst., Jane T. beloved wife of Thomas Flewin, aged 61 years and 6 months, a native of Rexley, Kent, England.

The funeral will take place on Wednesday, 21st inst., from the residence 36 South Park street, and the Reformed Episcopal church at 2.30. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

RIDEHALGH—On the 19th inst., at 64 Herald street, the son of T. J. Ridehalgh, aged 6 1-2 months.

PASSENGERS.

Per Str. City of Seattle from the Sound—Ell Parker, H Morton, W Murray, B H T Drake, H Leenke, D Whitmore, Mrs Wilson, J Callitt, D O Abbott, A Jones, Lulu Brown, Capt Jones, H W Gordon, M Wolf, B Pond, L Boscowitz, Mrs. Durands, K Munro.

Per Str. Geo. E. Starr from the Sound—F D Couthard, Mrs Couthard, Mrs C Maynard, C Carkeek, Miss Furgison, James M. Glunis, W J Tapping, J B Taylor, H Boggert, Mr Bowers, H Larson, F Jattin, Atto Henderson, Ed Summers, Rev D C Seymour, C Miller.

Per Steamer Charmer from Vancouver—B Johnson, Geo White, J F Sugrul, R T Chaldicot, A Lloyd, Miss Patterson, G H Barnard, H C Marr, Geo McFarland, M Rake, M J Appleby and wife, Judge McRae, R Robinson, J C Fagan, C A Lee, C Hill-Tout, F V Austin, R G Penn, W Ethershanks, B Springer, R J Skinner, A J Haynes, A R Davies, F Rodburg, W King, H L Foster, Miss Tourten, W L Carrick, H P Palmerston and wife, J. McK Smith, A Mayhis.

CONSIGNEES.

Per Str. City of Seattle from the Sound—C Edwards, T L, E & N R R, Thos T Hall, Express, P Howlth, Albion Iron Works, C J Spratt, Wah Hing.

Per Str. Geo. E. Starr from the Sound—Hall Ross & Co, Simon Leiser, Wilson Bros, H E Levey, Mrs John Combe.

Per Steamer Charmer from Vancouver—J H Todd, Mrs W H Lowe, Langley & Co, B Williams, S H E Co, J Horner, care Bark Blackwell, C Braund, Lenz & Leiser, G A Richardson, D Spencer, B & Co, E G Prior & Co, R McDonald, L Dickinson, W N Carmichael, A B Erskine, J Piercy, H L Salmon, J Lukor, Adj W Archibald, A C Martin, Langley & Co, S & J, S Leiser, W Duncan, J Dowler, Rev M Convent St. Ann's.

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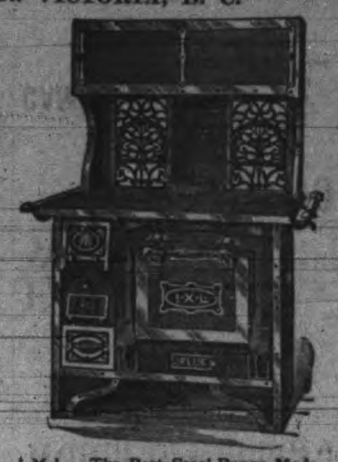

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